

Section 3 Handout: Real Estate and Homeowner's Insurance

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(BD24-5-09) (Mandatory 7-09)				

DIFFERENT BROKERAGE RELATIONSHIPS ARE AVAILABLE WHICH INCLUDE SELLER AGENCY, BUYER AGENCY OR TRANSACTION-BROKERAGE.

BROKERAGE DISCLOSURE TO BUYER TENANT

DEFINITIONS OF WORKING RELATIONSHIPS

For purposes of this document, seller also means landlord (which includes sublandlord) and buyer also means tenant (which includes subtenant).

Seller's Agent: A seller's agent works solely on behalf of the seller to promote the interests of the seller with the utmost good faith, loyalty and fidelity. The agent negotiates on behalf of and acts as an advocate for the seller. The seller's agent must disclose to potential buyers all adverse material facts actually known by the seller's agent about the property. A separate written listing agreement is required which sets forth the duties and obligations of the broker and the seller.

Buyer's Agent: A buyer's agent works solely on behalf of the buyer to promote the interests of the buyer with the utmost good faith, loyalty and fidelity. The agent negotiates on behalf of and acts as an advocate for the buyer. The buyer's agent must disclose to potential sellers all adverse material facts actually known by the buyer's agent, including the buyer's financial ability to perform the terms of the transaction and, if a residential property, whether the buyer intends to occupy the property. A separate written buyer agency agreement is required which sets forth the duties and obligations of the broker and the buyer.

Transaction-Broker: A transaction-broker assists the buyer or seller or both throughout a real estate transaction by performing terms of any written or oral agreement, fully informing the parties, presenting all offers and assisting the parties with any contracts, including the closing of the transaction, without being an agent or advocate for any of the parties. A transaction-broker must use reasonable skill and care in the performance of any oral or written agreement, and must make the same disclosures as agents about all adverse material facts actually known by the transaction-broker concerning a property or a buyer's financial ability to perform the terms of a transaction and, if a residential property, whether the buyer intends to occupy the property. No written agreement is required.

Customer: A customer is a party to a real estate transaction with whom the broker has no brokerage relationship because such party has not engaged or employed the broker, either as the party's agent or as the party's transaction-broker.

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN BROKER AND BUYER		
Broker and Buyer referenced below have NOT entered into a buyer agency agreement. The working relationship specified below is for a specific property described as: or real estate which substantially meets the		
following requirements:		
Buyer understands that Buyer shall not be liable for Broker's acts or omissions that have not been approved, directed, or ratified by Buyer. CHECK ONE BOX ONLY: Multiple-Person Firm. Broker, referenced below, is designated by Brokerage Firm to serve as Broker. If more than		
one individual is so designated, then references in this document to Broker shall include all persons so designated including substitute or additional brokers. The brokerage relationship exists only with Broker and does not extend to the employing broker, Brokerage Firm or to any other brokers employed or engaged by Brokerage Firm who are not so designated.		
One-Person Firm. If Broker is a real estate brokerage firm with only one licensed natural person, then any references to Broker or Brokerage Firm mean both the licensed natural person and brokerage firm who shall serve as Broker.		

CHECK ONE BOX ONLY:
☐ Customer. Broker is the seller's agent and Buyer is a customer. Broker, as seller's agent, intends to perform the following list of tasks: ☐ Show a property ☐ Prepare and Convey written offers, counteroffers and agreements to amend or extend the contract. Broker is <u>not</u> the agent of Buyer.
Customer for Broker's Listings – Transaction-Brokerage for Other Properties. When Broker is the seller's agent, Buyer is a customer. When Broker is not the seller's agent, Broker is a transaction-broker assisting in the transaction. Broker is not the agent of Buyer.
Transaction-Brokerage Only. Broker is a transaction-broker assisting in the transaction. Broker is <u>not</u> the agent of Buyer.
Buyer consents to Broker's disclosure of Buyer's confidential information to the supervising broker or designee for the purpose of proper supervision, provided such supervising broker or designee shall not further disclose such information without consent of Buyer, or use such information to the detriment of Buyer.
DISCLOSURE OF SETTLEMENT SERVICE COSTS. Buyer acknowledges that costs, quality, and extent of service vary between different settlement service providers (e.g., attorneys, lenders, inspectors and title companies).
THIS IS NOT A CONTRACT.
If this is a residential transaction, the following provision shall apply:
MEGAN'S LAW. If the presence of a registered sex offender is a matter of concern to Buyer, Buyer understands that Buyer must contact local law enforcement officials regarding obtaining such information.
BUYER ACKNOWLEDGMENT:
Buyer acknowledges receipt of this document on
Buyer Buyer
BROKER ACKNOWLEDGMENT:
On, Broker provided(Buyer) with
this document via and retained a copy for Broker's records.
Brokerage Firm's Name:
Broker

1 2	The printed portions of this form, except differentiated additions, have been approved by the Colorado Real Estate Commission. (BC60-8-13) (Mandatory 1-14)
3 4 5	THIS IS A BINDING CONTRACT. THIS FORM HAS IMPORTANT LEGAL CONSEQUENCES AND THE PARTIES SHOULD CONSULT LEGAL AND TAX OR OTHER COUNSEL BEFORE SIGNING.
6	Compensation charged by brokerage firms is not set by law. Such charges are established by each real estate brokerage firm.
7	DIFFERENT BROKERAGE RELATIONSHIPS ARE AVAILABLE WHICH INCLUDE BUYER AGENCY, SELLER AGENCY OR TRANSACTION-BROKERAGE.
9	EXCLUSIVE RIGHT-TO-BUY LISTING CONTRACT
10	BUYER AGENCY TRANSACTION-BROKERAGE
11 12	
13	Date:
14 15 16 17	1. AGREEMENT. Buyer and Brokerage Firm enter into this exclusive, irrevocable contract (Buyer Listing Contract) and agree to its provisions. Broker, on behalf of Brokerage Firm, agrees to provide brokerage services to Buyer. Brokerage Firm will receive compensation as set forth in this Buyer Listing Contract.
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	2.1. Multiple-Person Firm. If this box is checked, the individual designated by Brokerage Firm to serve as the broker of Buyer and to perform the services for Buyer required by this Buyer Listing Contract is called Broker. If more than one individual is so designated, then references in this Buyer Listing Contract to Broker includes all persons so designated, including substitute or additional brokers. The brokerage relationship exists only with Broker and does not extend to the employing broker, Brokerage Firm or to any other brokers employed or engaged by Brokerage Firm who are not so designated. 2.2. One-Person Firm. If this box is checked, Broker is a real estate brokerage firm with only one licensed natural person. References in this Buyer Listing Contract to Broker or Brokerage Firm mean both the licensed natural person and brokerage firm, who serve as the broker of Buyer and perform the services for Buyer required by this Buyer Listing Contract.
27	3. DEFINED TERMS.
28 29	3.1. Buyer: and any other person or entity on whose behalf the named party acts, directly or indirectly, to Purchase the Property.
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0 -	
31	3.3. Broker:
31 32 33 34 35 36	3.4. Property. Property means real estate which substantially meets the following requirements or similar real estate acceptable to Buyer:
32 33 34 35 36 37	 3.4. Property. Property means real estate which substantially meets the following requirements or similar real estate acceptable to Buyer: 3.5. Purchase; Lease. 2.5.1 Purchase; Lease.
32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 3.4. Property. Property means real estate which substantially meets the following requirements or similar real estate acceptable to Buyer: 3.5. Purchase; Lease. 3.5.1. Purchase means the acquisition of any interest in the Property or the creation of the right to acquire any interest in the Property, including a contract or lease. It also includes an agreement to acquire any ownership interest in an entity
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 3.4. Property. Property means real estate which substantially meets the following requirements or similar real estate acceptable to Buyer: 3.5. Purchase; Lease. 3.5.1. Purchase means the acquisition of any interest in the Property or the creation of the right to acquire any interest in the Property, including a contract or lease. It also includes an agreement to acquire any ownership interest in an entity
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	 3.4. Property. Property means real estate which substantially meets the following requirements or similar real estate acceptable to Buyer: 3.5. Purchase; Lease. 3.5.1. Purchase means the acquisition of any interest in the Property or the creation of the right to acquire any interest in the Property, including a contract or lease. It also includes an agreement to acquire any ownership interest in an entity that owns the Property. 3.5.2. If this box is checked, Buyer authorizes Broker to negotiate a lease of the Property. Lease of the Property or 3.5.2. If this box is checked, Buyer authorizes Broker to negotiate a lease of the Property.
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	3.4. Property. Property means real estate which substantially meets the following requirements or similar real estate acceptable to Buyer: 3.5. Purchase; Lease. 3.5.1. Purchase means the acquisition of any interest in the Property or the creation of the right to acquire any interest in the Property, including a contract or lease. It also includes an agreement to acquire any ownership interest in an entity that owns the Property. 3.5.2. If this box is checked, Buyer authorizes Broker to negotiate a lease of the Property. Lease of the Property or Lease means any agreement between a landlord and the Buyer to create a tenancy or leasehold interest in the Property. 3.6. Listing Period. The Listing Period of this Buyer Listing Contract begins on, and continues through the
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	3.5. Purchase; Lease. 3.5.1. Purchase means the acquisition of any interest in the Property or the creation of the right to acquire any interest in the Property, including a contract or lease. It also includes an agreement to acquire any ownership interest in an entity that owns the Property. 3.5.2. If this box is checked, Buyer authorizes Broker to negotiate a lease of the Property. Lease of the Property or Lease means any agreement between a landlord and the Buyer to create a tenancy or leasehold interest in the Property. 3.6. Listing Period. The Listing Period of this Buyer Listing Contract begins on, and continues through the
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	3.5. Purchase; Lease. 3.5.1. Purchase means the acquisition of any interest in the Property or the creation of the right to acquire any interest in the Property, including a contract or lease. It also includes an agreement to acquire any ownership interest in an entity that owns the Property. 3.5.2. If this box is checked, Buyer authorizes Broker to negotiate a lease of the Property. Lease of the Property or Lease means any agreement between a landlord and the Buyer to create a tenancy or leasehold interest in the Property. 3.6. Listing Period. The Listing Period of this Buyer Listing Contract begins on, and continues through the earlier of (1) completion of the Purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the earlier of (1) completion of the Purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the earlier of (1) completion of the Purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the earlier of (1) completion of the Purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the earlier of (1) completion of the Purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the earlier of (1) completion of the Purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the earlier of (1) completion of the Purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the earlier of (1) completion of the Purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the earlier of (1) completion of the Purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property o
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	3.4. Property. Property means real estate which substantially meets the following requirements or similar real estate acceptable to Buyer: 3.5. Purchase; Lease. 3.5.1. Purchase means the acquisition of any interest in the Property or the creation of the right to acquire any interest in the Property, including a contract or lease. It also includes an agreement to acquire any ownership interest in an entity that owns the Property. 3.5.2. If this box is checked, Buyer authorizes Broker to negotiate a lease of the Property. Lease of the Property or Lease means any agreement between a landlord and the Buyer to create a tenancy or leasehold interest in the Property. 3.6. Listing Period. The Listing Period of this Buyer Listing Contract begins on, and continues through the earlier of (1) completion of the Purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the purchase of the Property of the Purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the lease of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the lease of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the lease of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the lease of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the lease of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the lease of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the lease of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the lease of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the lease of the Property or (2)
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	3.5. Purchase; Lease. 3.5.1. Purchase means the acquisition of any interest in the Property or the creation of the right to acquire any interest in the Property, including a contract or lease. It also includes an agreement to acquire any ownership interest in an entity that owns the Property. 3.5.2. If this box is checked, Buyer authorizes Broker to negotiate a lease of the Property. Lease of the Property or Lease means any agreement between a landlord and the Buyer to create a tenancy or leasehold interest in the Property. 3.6. Listing Period. The Listing Period of this Buyer Listing Contract begins on, and continues through the earlier of (1) completion of the Purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and any written extensions (Listing Period). Broker will continue to assist in the completion of any purchase or lease for which compensation is payable to Brokerage Firm under § 7 of this Buyer Listing Contract.
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	3.5. Purchase; Lease. 3.5.1. Purchase means the acquisition of any interest in the Property or the creation of the right to acquire any interest in the Property, including a contract or lease. It also includes an agreement to acquire any ownership interest in an entity that owns the Property. 3.5.2. If this box is checked, Buyer authorizes Broker to negotiate a lease of the Property. Lease of the Property or Lease means any agreement between a landlord and the Buyer to create a tenancy or leasehold interest in the Property. 3.6. Listing Period. The Listing Period of this Buyer Listing Contract begins on, and continues through the earlier of (1) completion of the Purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the earlier of (1) completion of the Purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the compensation is payable to Brokerage Firm under § 7 of this Buyer Listing Contract. 3.7. Applicability of Terms. A check or similar mark in a box means that such provision is applicable. The abbreviation "MEC" (mutual execution of this contract) means the date upon "N/A" or the word "Deleted" means not applicable. The abbreviation "MEC" (mutual execution of this contract) means the date upon
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	3.5. Purchase; Lease. 3.5.1. Purchase means the acquisition of any interest in the Property or the creation of the right to acquire any interest in the Property, including a contract or lease. It also includes an agreement to acquire any ownership interest in an entity that owns the Property. 3.5.2. If this box is checked, Buyer authorizes Broker to negotiate a lease of the Property. Lease of the Property or Lease means any agreement between a landlord and the Buyer to create a tenancy or leasehold interest in the Property. 3.6. Listing Period. The Listing Period of this Buyer Listing Contract begins on, and continues through the earlier of (1) completion of the Purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and any written extensions (Listing Period). Broker will continue to assist in the completion of any purchase or lease for which compensation is payable to Brokerage Firm under § 7 of this Buyer Listing Contract. 3.7. Applicability of Terms. A check or similar mark in a box means that such provision is applicable. The abbreviation "N/A" or the word "Deleted" means not applicable. The abbreviation "MEC" (mutual execution of this contract) means the date upon which both parties have signed this Buyer Listing Contract.
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	3.5. Purchase; Lease. 3.5.1. Purchase means the acquisition of any interest in the Property or the creation of the right to acquire any interest in the Property, including a contract or lease. It also includes an agreement to acquire any ownership interest in an entity that owns the Property. 3.5.2. If this box is checked, Buyer authorizes Broker to negotiate a lease of the Property. Lease of the Property or Lease means any agreement between a landlord and the Buyer to create a tenancy or leasehold interest in the Property. 3.6. Listing Period. The Listing Period of this Buyer Listing Contract begins on, and continues through the earlier of (1) completion of the Purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the earlier of (1) completion of the Purchase of the Property or Lease of the Property or (2), and continues through the compensation is payable to Brokerage Firm under § 7 of this Buyer Listing Contract. 3.7. Applicability of Terms. A check or similar mark in a box means that such provision is applicable. The abbreviation "MEC" (mutual execution of this contract) means the date upon "N/A" or the word "Deleted" means not applicable. The abbreviation "MEC" (mutual execution of this contract) means the date upon

53	3.8.2. Computation of Period of Days, Deadline. In computing a period of days, when the ending date is not
54	is at the first day is evaluded and the last day is included e.g. three days after MEC. If any deadline falls on a Saturday,
55	Sunday or federal or Colorado state holiday (Holiday), such deadline Will Will Not be extended to the next day that is not
56	a Saturday, Sunday or Holiday. Should neither box be checked, the deadline will not be extended.
•	
57	4. BROKERAGE RELATIONSHIP.
58	4.1 If the Buyer Agency box at the top of page 1 is checked, Broker represents Buyer as Buyer's limited agent (Buyer's
59	Agent) If the Transaction-Brokerage box at the top of page 1 is checked, Broker acts as a Transaction-Broker.
60	4.2 In Company Transaction - Different Brokers. When the seller and Buyer in a transaction are working with different
61	business those brokers continue to conduct themselves consistent with the brokerage relationships they have established. Buyer
62	acknowledges that Brokerage Firm is allowed to offer and pay compensation to brokers within Brokerage Firm working with a
63	collor
64	4.3. In-Company Transaction – One Broker. If the seller and Buyer are both working with the same Broker, Broker will
65	function as:
66	4.3.1 Ruyer's Agent. If the Ruyer Agency box at the top of page 1 is checked, the parties agree the following applies:
67	4 3 1 1 Briver Agency Only. Unless the box in § 4.3.1.2 (Buyer Agency Unless Brokerage Relationship
68	party to a charled Broker represents Buyer as Ruyer's Agent and must treat the seller as a customer. A customer is a party to
69	a transaction with whom Broker has no brokerage relationship. Broker must disclose to such customer Broker's relationship with
70	Ruver
71	43.12 Briver Agency Unless Brokerage Relationship with Both. If this box is checked, Broker
72	represents Buyer as Buyer's Agent and must treat the seller as a customer, unless Broker currently has or enters into an agency or
73	Transaction Brokerage relationship with the seller, in which case Broker must act as a Transaction-Broker.
74	4.2.2 Transaction-Broker If the Transaction-Brokerage box at the top of page 1 is checked, or in the event neither
75	box is sheeked Broker must work with Buyer as a Transaction-Broker. A Transaction-Broker must perform the duties described in
76	& 5 and facilitate purchase transactions without being an advocate or agent for either party. If the seller and buyer are working
77	with the same broker, Broker must continue to function as a Transaction-Broker.
,,	
78	5. BROKERAGE DUTIES. Brokerage Firm, acting through Broker, as either a Transaction-Broker or a Buyer's Agent, must
79	perform the following Uniform Duties when working with Buyer:
80	5.1. Broker must exercise reasonable skill and care for Buyer, including but not limited to the following:
81	5.1.1. Performing the terms of any written or oral agreement with Buyer;
' 82	5.1.2. Presenting all offers to and from Buyer in a timely manner regardless of whether Buyer is already a party to a
83	contract to Purchase the Property;
84	5 1 3 Disclosing to Buyer adverse material facts actually known by Broker;
85	5.1.4. Advising Buyer regarding the transaction and advising Buyer to obtain expert advice as to material matters
86	about which Broker knows but the specifics of which are beyond the expertise of Broker;
87	5.1.5. Accounting in a timely manner for all money and property received; and
88	5.1.6. Keeping Buyer fully informed regarding the transaction.
89	5.2. Broker must not disclose the following information without the informed consent of Buyer:
90	5.2.1. That Buyer is willing to pay more than the purchase price offered for the Property;
91	5.2.2. What Buyer's motivating factors are;
92	5.2.3. That Buyer will agree to financing terms other than those offered; or
93	5.2.4. Any material information about Buyer unless disclosure is required by law or failure to disclose such
94	information would constitute fraud or dishonest dealing.
95	5.3. Buyer consents to Broker's disclosure of Buyer's confidential information to the supervising broker or designee for the

5.5. Broker is not obligated to seek other properties while Buyer is already a party to a contract to purchase property.

Broker has no duty to conduct an independent inspection of the Property for the benefit of Buyer and has no duty to independently verify the accuracy or completeness of statements made by a seller or independent inspectors. Broker has no duty to conduct an independent investigation of Buyer's financial condition or to verify the accuracy or completeness of any statement made by Buyer.

purpose of proper supervision, provided such supervising broker or designee does not further disclose such information without

obligation to Buyer. Broker is not prohibited from showing competing buyers the same property and from assisting competing

5.4. Broker may show properties in which Buyer is interested to other prospective buyers without breaching any duty or

5.7. Broker must disclose to any prospective seller all adverse material facts actually known by Broker, including but not limited to adverse material facts concerning Buyer's financial ability to perform the terms of the transaction and whether Buyer

intends to occupy the Property as a principal residence.

buyers in attempting to purchase a particular property.

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consent of Buyer, or use such information to the detriment of Buyer.

109 110	5.8. Buyer understands that Buyer is not liable for Broker's acts or omissions that have not been approved, directed or ratified by Buyer.
	6. ADDITIONAL DUTIES OF BUYER'S AGENT. If the Buyer Agency box at the top of page 1 is checked, Broker is
111	Buyer's Agent, with the following additional duties:
112	- CD
113	at the state of th
114 115	6.2. Seeking a price and terms that are acceptable to Buyer, and6.3. Counseling Buyer as to any material benefits or risks of a transaction that are actually known by Broker.
115	
116	7. COMPENSATION TO BROKERAGE FIRM. In consideration of the services to be performed by Broker, Brokerage Firm
117	in this section, with no discount or allowance for any efforts made by buyer or any other person.
118	The state of the second additional compensation hornises and incentives bald by fishing blokelage firm of society
119	Broker will inform Buyer of the fee to be paid to Brokerage Firm and, if there is a written agreement, Broker will supply a copy to
120	Buyer, upon written request of Buyer.
121	7.1. Brokerage Firm's Fee - Purchase.
122	Check Compensation Arrangement:
123	T # 1 1 Street From Prokerage Firm will be paid as follows:
124	7.1.1. Success ree: Blokelage rain win so paid as ferrows. 7.1.1.1. Amount. A fee equal to% of the purchase price, but not less than \$, except
125	as provided in § 7.1.1.2.
126	7.1.1.2. Adjusted Amount. See § 18 (Additional Provisions) or Other
127	7.1.1.2. Adjusted Amount: See § 16 (Amount: Parkers of the Success Fee is earned by Brokerage Firm upon the 7.1.1.3. When Earned; When Payable - Purchase. The Success Fee is earned by Brokerage Firm upon the seller's
128	Purchase of the Property and is payable upon closing of the transaction. If any transaction fails to close as a result of Buyer's
129	default, with no fault on the part of Buyer, the Success Fee will be waived. If any transaction fails to close as a result of Buyer's
130	default, in whole or in part, the Success Fee will not be waived; such fee is payable upon Buyer's default, but not facer than the
131	
132	7.1.2. Hourly Fee. Brokerage Firm will be paid \$ per nour for time spent by Broker pursuant to this
133	date that the closing of the transaction was to have occurred. 7.1.2. Hourly Fee. Brokerage Firm will be paid \$ per hour for time spent by Broker pursuant to this Buyer Listing Contract, up to a maximum total fee of \$ This hourly fee is payable to Brokerage Firm upon receipt of
134	
135	an invoice from Brokerage Film. 7.1.3. Retainer Fee. Buyer will pay Brokerage Firm a nonrefundable retainer fee of \$ due and payable to Brokerage.
136	upon signing of this Buyer Listing Contract. This amount Will Will Not be credited against other fees payable to Brokerage
137	Firm under this section.
138	7.1.4. Other Compensation. To Brokerage Firm's Fee - Lease. If the box in § 3.5.2 is checked, Brokerage Firm will be paid a fee as follows, less any
139	7.2. Brokerage Firm's Fee - Lease. If the box in § 3.5.2 is checked, blokelage Firm with be paid a fee as follows, rest and
140	amounts paid by the listing brokerage firm or landlord: 7.2.1. Amount. \$ per square foot per, or, except as
141	
142	provided in § 7.2.2. 7.2.2. Adjusted Amount. See § 18. (Additional Provisions) or Other
143	7.2.2. Adjusted Amount. See § 18. (Additional Provisions) of Gother
144	7.2.3. Other. 7.2.4. When Earned; When Payable - Lease. This Lease fee is earned upon the mutual execution of the Lease.
145	One-half of this Lease fee is payable upon mutual execution of the Lease and one-half upon possession of the premises by tenant
146	
147	or as follows:
148	expands into additional space within the building or complex where the Property is located, Brokerage Firm Will Will Not
149	expands into additional space within the building of complex where the Froperty is footness, provided a fee for such be paid a fee upon exercise of such extension or renewal option or expansion. If Brokerage Firm is to be paid a fee for such
150	be paid a fee upon exercise of such extension of fenewar option of expansion. If Blondings a many properties are as follows:
151	extension, Tenewal of Expansion, and amount of such 100 and 110 payments
152	7.3. Who Will Pay Brokerage Firm's Fee. 7.3.1. Listing Brokerage Firm or Seller May Pay. Buyer IS Obligated to Pay. Broker is authorized and instructed
153	to request payment of Brokerage Firm's fee from the listing brokerage firm or seller. Buyer is obligated to pay any portion of
154	to request payment of Brokerage Fifth's let from the listing brokerage firm or seller
155	Brokerage Firm's fee which is not paid by the listing brokerage firm or seller. 7.3.2. Buyer Will Pay. Buyer is obligated to pay Brokerage Firm's fee.
156	Take Prokovago Firm or Seller May Pay, Briver is NOT Obligated to Pay. Broker is authorized to obtain
157	7.3.3. Listing Brokerage Firm or Seller May Pay. Buyer is NOT Obligated to Fay. Bloke is authorized to country payment of Brokerage Firm's fee from the listing brokerage firm or seller. Provided Buyer has fulfilled Buyer's obligations in this
158	Buyer Listing Contract, Buyer is not obligated to pay Brokerage Firm's fee.
159	rc 1 is shorted above then 8.7.3.3 (Ruyer is NOT Obligated to Pay) Will apply.
160	Deviced Deviced Devices of Firm's fee annies to Property contracted for (or leased if 9 5.5.2 is checked) during the
161	The contract of any extensions and also applies to Property contracted for or leased within calcidate
162	1 - Grant - Listing Derived expires (Holdover Period) (1) if the Property is one on which broker negotiated and (2) it broker
163	1 1 it - 1 dress or other description in writing to Ruyer during the Listing Period, (Submitted Property). Florided, nowever,
164	Buyer Will Will Not owe the compensation under §§ 7.1, 7.2, 7.3.1 and 7.3.2 as indicated, if a commission is earned by
165	Buyer will true own the compensation and 3,,

another real estate brokerage firm acting pursuant to an exclusive agreement with Buyer entered into during the Holdover Period, 166 and a Sale or Lease of the Submitted Property is consummated. If no box is checked in this § 7.4, then Buyer does not owe the 167 commission to Brokerage Firm. 168 8. LIMITATION ON THIRD-PARTY COMPENSATION. Neither Broker nor Brokerage Firm, except as set forth in § 7, 169 will accept compensation from any other person or entity in connection with the Property without the written consent of Buyer. 170 Additionally, neither Broker nor Brokerage Firm is permitted to assess and receive mark-ups or other compensation for services 171 performed by any third party or affiliated business entity unless Buyer signs a separate written consent for such services. 172 9. BUYER'S OBLIGATIONS TO BROKER. Buyer agrees to conduct all negotiations for the Property only through Broker 173 and to refer to Broker all communications received in any form from real estate brokers, prospective sellers, or any other source 174 during the Term of this Buyer Listing Contract. Buyer represents that Buyer Is Is Not currently a party to any agreement 175 with any other broker to represent or assist Buyer in the location or Purchase of Property. 176 10. RIGHT OF PARTIES TO CANCEL. 177 10.1. Right of Buyer to Cancel. In the event Broker defaults under this Buyer Listing Contract, Buyer has the right to 178 cancel this Buyer Listing Contract, including all rights of Brokerage Firm to any compensation if the Buyer Agency box at the top 179 of page 1 is checked. Examples of a Broker default include, but are not limited to (1) abandonment of Buyer, (2) failure to fulfill 180 all material obligations of Broker and (3) failure to fulfill all material Uniform Duties (§ 5) or, if the Buyer Agency box at the top 181 of page 1 is checked, the failure to fulfill all material Additional Duties Of Buyer's Agent (§ 6). Any rights of Buyer that accrued 182 prior to cancellation will survive such cancellation. 183 10.2. Right of Broker to Cancel. Brokerage Firm may cancel this Buyer Listing Contract upon written notice to Buyer if 184 Buyer fails to reasonably cooperate with Broker or Buyer defaults under this Buyer Listing Contract. Any rights of Brokerage 185 Firm that accrued prior to cancellation will survive such cancellation. 186 11. COST OF SERVICES OR PRODUCTS OBTAINED FROM OUTSIDE SOURCES. Broker will not obtain or order 187 products or services from outside sources unless Buyer has agreed to pay for them promptly when due (e.g., surveys, radon tests, soil tests, title reports, engineering studies, property inspections). Neither Broker nor Brokerage Firm is obligated to advance funds 188 189 for Buyer. Buyer must reimburse Brokerage Firm for payments made by Brokerage Firm for such products or services authorized 190 by Buyer. 191 12. BROKERAGE SERVICES; SHOWING PROPERTIES. 192 12.1. Brokerage Services. The following additional tasks will be performed by Broker: 193 194 195 196 12.2. Showing Properties. Buyer acknowledges that Broker has explained the possible methods used by listing brokers and 197 sellers to show properties, and the limitations (if any) on Buyer and Broker being able to access properties due to such methods. 198 Broker's limitations on accessing properties are as follows: 199 Broker, through Brokerage Firm, has access to the following multiple listing services and property information services: 200 201 13. DISCLOSURE OF BUYER'S IDENTITY. Broker Does Does Not have Buyer's permission to disclose Buyer's 202 identity to third parties without prior written consent of Buyer. 203 14. DISCLOSURE OF SETTLEMENT SERVICE COSTS. Buyer acknowledges that costs, quality, and extent of service vary 204 between different settlement service providers (e.g., attorneys, lenders, inspectors and title companies). 205 15. NONDISCRIMINATION. The parties agree not to discriminate unlawfully against any prospective seller because of the 206 race, creed, color, sex, sexual orientation, marital status, familial status, physical or mental disability, handicap, religion, national 207 origin or ancestry of such person. 208 16. RECOMMENDATION OF LEGAL AND TAX COUNSEL. By signing this document, Buyer acknowledges that Broker has 209 advised that this document has important legal consequences and has recommended consultation with legal and tax or other counsel 210 before signing this Buyer Listing Contract. 211 17. MEDIATION. If a dispute arises relating to this Buyer Listing Contract, prior to or after closing, and is not resolved, the 212 parties must first proceed in good faith to submit the matter to mediation. Mediation is a process in which the parties meet with an 213 impartial person who helps to resolve the dispute informally and confidentially. Mediators cannot impose binding decisions. The 214

	Address:	Address:	
	Buyer's Signature Date	Broker's Signature	Date
	Buyer's Name:	Broker's Name:	
254	Brokerage Firm authorizes Broker to execute this Buyer Listing	Contract on behalf of Brokerage Firm.	
252 253	26. MEGAN'S LAW. If the presence of a registered sex offen must contact local law enforcement officials regarding obtaining	such information.	er understands that Buyer
250 251	25. COPY OF CONTRACT. Buyer acknowledges receipt of all attachments.		
248 249	24. ENTIRE AGREEMENT. This agreement constitutes the whether oral or written, have been merged and integrated into this	s Buyer Listing Contract.	
246 247	to the state of th		
244 245	the narries		
234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243	document or notice, delivered to the other party to this Buyer Listing Contract, is effective upon physical receipt. Delivery Buyer is effective when physically received by Buyer, any signator on behalf of Buyer, any named individual of Buyer representative of Buyer. 21.2. Electronic Delivery. As an alternative to physical delivery, any document, including a signed document or written notice may be delivered in electronic form only by the following indicated methods: Facsimile Email Internet. If representative of any party. 21.3. Choice of Law. This Buyer Listing Contract and all disputes arising hereunder are governed by and construed accordance with the laws of the State of Colorado that would be applicable to Colorado residents who sign a contract in this state.		
231232233	21. NOTICE, DELIVERY AND CHOICE OF LAW.21.1. Physical Delivery. All notices must be in writing,	except as provided in § 21.2. Any docu	ment, including a signed
228 229 230	20. ATTACHMENTS. The following are a part of this Buyer	Listing Contract:	
221 222 223 224 225 226 227	19. ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS. (The following additional Commission.)	provisions have not been approved by	the Colorado Real Estate
219 220	18. ATTORNEY FEES. In the event of any arbitration or litig must award to the prevailing party all reasonable costs and exper	ation relating to this Buyer Listing Contra ises, including attorney and legal fees.	act, the arbitrator or court
215 216 217 218	parties to the dispute must agree, in writing, before any settle mediator and will share equally in the cost of such mediation. T the entire dispute is not resolved within 30 calendar days of the to the other at the other party's last known address.	he mediation, unless otherwise agreed, w	ill terminate in the event

Phone No.: Fax No.: Electronic Address:	Phone No.: Fax No.: Electronic Address:	
	Brokerage Firm's Name: Address:	
	Phone No.: Fax No.:	

Electronic Address:

THIS FORM HAS IMPORTANT LEGAL CONSEQUENCES AN OTHER COUNSEL BEFORE SIGNING. CONTRACT TO BUY AI (RESIDI	ND THE PARTIES	S SHOULD CONSULT LE	
OTHER COUNSEL BEFORE SIGNING. CONTRACT TO BUY AI (RESIDI	ND SELL RI	EAL ESTATE	CGAL AND TAX OR
(RESIDI			
	ential)	Date:	
AGRE		Date:	
AGRE		<i>B</i> a.e	
	EMENT		
1. AGREEMENT. Buyer agrees to buy and Seller agrees to sforth in this contract (Contract).	sell the Property de	escribed below on the term	s and conditions set
2. PARTIES AND PROPERTY. 2.1. Buyer	_		(Buyer) will take title
to the Property described below as Joint Tenants Tenant 2.2. No Assignability. This Contract IS NOT assignable	i ts In Common L le by Buyer unless	_ Other otherwise specified in Ado	ditional Provisions
2.3. Seller.			
owner of the Property described below.			
2.4. Property. The Property is the following legally description:	cribed real estate in	the County of	, Colorado
(insert legal description):			
Street Address			,
Street Address	City	State	Zip
egether with the interests, easements, rights, benefits, improved eller in vacated streets and alleys adjacent thereto, except as her 2.5. Inclusions. The Purchase Price includes the follow 2.5.1. Inclusions — Attached. If attached to the followed unless excluded under Exclusions: lighting, heating, plus elephone, network and coaxial (cable) wiring and connecting blook kitchen appliances, sprinkler systems and controls, built-in variety including ————————————————————————————————————	ein excluded (Proping items (Inclusion Property on the Imbing, ventilating cks/jacks, plants, reacuum systems (increase owned by the Seling satellite dishe	poerty). ons): date of this Contract, the g and air conditioning units mirrors, floor coverings, introcluding accessories) and eller and included: Solates). Leased items should be	e following items are a, TV antennas, inside ercom systems, built-garage door openers ar Panels Water e listed under § 2.5.7.
2.5.2. Inclusions – Not Attached. If on the Pr following items are included unless excluded under Exclusions: plinds, screens, window coverings and treatments, curtain rods, neating stoves, storage sheds, carbon monoxide alarms, smoke/fin 2.5.3. Other Inclusions. The following items,	storm windows, st drapery rods, fire re detectors and all	torm doors, window and poplace inserts, fireplace screll keys.	orch shades, awnings eens, fireplace grates
Purchase Price:			

Clasina lev 9		umbered Inclusions. Any Inclusions owned by Seller	
Closing by Seller free and clear of all taxes (except personal property and general real estate taxes for the year of Closing), liens are encumbrances, except:			
	2.5.5. Pers	onal Property Conveyance. Conveyance of all pers	onal property will be by hill of sale or other
applicable le	egal instrumen		shar property will be by bill of sale of other
	2.5.6. Par	king and Storage Facilities. The use or ownership of the	
N-4- 4- D	IC	; and the use or ownership of the following store	
Note to Buy		hts to the parking and storage facilities is a concern to Bused Items. The following personal property is currently le	
at Closing (Leased Items):	The tone wing personal property to eartening to	
2.6.	Exclusions.	The following items are excluded (Exclusions):	
2.7.	Water Right	s/Well Rights.	
		ded Water Rights. The following legally described water	er rights:
	Any deeded v	vater rights will be conveyed by a good and sufficient	deed at Closing.
	2.7.2. Oth	er Rights Relating to Water. The following rights relati	
2.7.4., will b	e transferred t	Buyer at Closing:	
_			
the well to 1		I Rights. Seller agrees to supply required information to s a "Small Capacity Well" or a "Domestic Exempt Water	
		Closing, complete a Change in Ownership form for the v	
		on of Water Resources in the Department of Natural	
		ll form for the well and pay the cost of registration. If n	
connection	with the transa	ction, Buyer must file the form with the Division within	sixty days after Closing. The Well Permit # i
	2.7.4. Wat	er Stock Certificates. The water stock certificates to be	transferred at Closing are as follows:
			S
	2.7.5. Con	veyance. If Buyer is to receive any rights to water pursu	ant to 8.2.7.2. (Other Rights Relating to Water
§ 2.7.3. (We		2.7.4. (Water Stock Certificates), Seller agrees to convey	• •
	nent at Closing		
Diahta ia un		er Rights Review. Buyer Does Does Not have a Buyer on or before the Water Rights Examination Dea	
Aignts is till	saustactory to	Duyer on or before the water Rights Examination Dear	muc.
3. DATE		ES AND APPLICABILITY.	
3.1.	Dates and D	eadlines.	
Item No.	Reference	Event	Date or Deadline
1	§ 3	Time of Day Deadline	

CBS1-6-23. CONTRACT TO BUY AND SELL REAL ESTATE (RESIDENTIAL)

Title

2

3

§ 4

§ 8

§ 8

Alternative Earnest Money Deadline

Record Title Deadline (and Tax Certificate)
Record Title Objection Deadline

5	§ 8	Off-Record Title Deadline	
6	§ 8 § 8	Off-Record Title Objection Deadline	
7	§ 8 § 8	Title Resolution Deadline	
8	§ 8 § 8	Third Party Right to Purchase/Approve Deadline	
8	8.8	Owners' Association	
0	e 7	Association Documents Deadline	
9 10	§ 7		
10	§ 7	Association Documents Termination Deadline Seller's Disclosures	
1.1	e 10		
11	§ 10	Seller's Property Disclosure Deadline Lead-Based Paint Disclosure Deadline	
12	§ 10	Loan and Credit	
1.2	9.5		
13	§ 5	New Loan Application Deadline New Loan Terms Deadline	
14	§ 5		
15	§ 5	New Loan Availability Deadline	
16	§ 5	Buyer's Credit Information Deadline	
17	§ 5	Disapproval of Buyer's Credit Information Deadline	
18	§ 5	Existing Loan Deadline	
19	§ 5	Existing Loan Termination Deadline	
20	§ 5	Loan Transfer Approval Deadline	
21	§ 4	Seller or Private Financing Deadline	
22	0.6	Appraisal	
22	§ 6	Appraisal Deadline	
23	§ 6	Appraisal Objection Deadline	
24	§ 6	Appraisal Resolution Deadline	
2.5	8.0	Survey	
25	§ 9	New ILC or New Survey Deadline	
26	§ 9	New ILC or New Survey Objection Deadline	
27	§ 9	New ILC or New Survey Resolution Deadline	
28	6.2	Inspection and Due Diligence	
28 29	§ 2	Water Rights Examination Deadline	
30	§ 8	Mineral Rights Examination Deadline	
	§ 10	Inspection Termination Deadline	
31	§ 10	Inspection Objection Deadline	
32	§ 10	Inspection Resolution Deadline	
	§ 10	Property Insurance Termination Deadline	
34	§ 10	Due Diligence Documents Delivery Deadline	
35	§ 10	Due Diligence Documents Objection Deadline	
36	§ 10	Due Diligence Documents Resolution Deadline	
37 38	§ 10	Conditional Sale Deadline	
38	§ 10	Lead-Based Paint Termination Deadline	
39	§ 12	Closing and Possession Closing Date	
40	§ 12 § 17	Possession Date	
41	§ 17 § 17	Possession Date Possession Time	
41	§ 17 § 27	Acceptance Deadline Date	
42	§ 27 § 27	Acceptance Deadline Date Acceptance Deadline Time	
43	8 21	Acceptance Deaumie Time	
	Ī		

Note: If **FHA** or **VA** loan boxes are checked in § 4.5.3. (Loan Limitations), the **Appraisal** deadlines **DO NOT** apply to **FHA** insured or **VA** guaranteed loans.

3.2. Applicability of Terms. If any deadline blank in § 3.1. (Dates and Deadlines) is left blank or completed with "N/A", or the word "Deleted," such deadline is not applicable and the corresponding provision containing the deadline is deleted. Any box checked in this Contract means the corresponding provision applies. If no box is checked in a provision that contains a selection of "None", such provision means that "None" applies.

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The abbreviation "MEC" (mutual execution of this Contract) means the date upon which both parties have signed this Contract. The abbreviation "N/A" as used in this Contract means not applicable.

3.3. Day; Computation of Period of Days; Deadlines.

- **3.3.1. Day.** As used in this Contract, the term "day" means the entire day ending at 11:59 p.m., United States Mountain Time (Standard or Daylight Savings, as applicable). Except however, if a **Time of Day Deadline** is specified in § 3.1. (Dates and Deadlines), all Objection Deadlines, Resolution Deadlines, Examination Deadlines and Termination Deadlines will end on the specified deadline date at the time of day specified in the **Time of Day Deadline**, United States Mountain Time. If **Time of Day Deadline** is left blank or "N/A" the deadlines will expire at 11:59 p.m., United States Mountain Time.
- **3.3.2.** Computation of Period of Days. In computing a period of days (e.g., three days after MEC), when the ending date is not specified, the first day is excluded and the last day is included.
- 3.3.3. **Deadlines.** If any deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday or federal or Colorado state holiday (Holiday), such deadline Will Will Not be extended to the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday or Holiday. Should neither box be checked, the deadline will not be extended.

4. PURCHASE PRICE AND TERMS.

 4.1. Price and Terms. The Purchase Price set forth below is payable in U.S. Dollars by Buyer as follows:

Item No.	Reference	Item	Amount	Amount
1	§ 4.1.	Purchase Price	\$	
2	§ 4.3.	Earnest Money		\$
3	§ 4.5.	New Loan		\$
4	§ 4.6.	Assumption Balance		\$
5	§ 4.7.	Private Financing		\$
6	§ 4.7.	Seller Financing		\$
7				
8				
9	§ 4.4.	Cash at Closing		\$
10		TOTAL	\$	\$

- **4.3.1. Alternative Earnest Money Deadline.** The deadline for delivering the Earnest Money, if other than at the time of tender of this Contract, is as set forth as the **Alternative Earnest Money Deadline**.
- **4.3.2. Disposition of Earnest Money.** If Buyer has a Right to Terminate and timely terminates, Buyer is entitled to the return of Earnest Money as provided in this Contract. If this Contract is terminated as set forth in § 24 and, except as provided in § 23 (Earnest Money Dispute), if the Earnest Money has not already been returned following receipt of a Notice to Terminate, Seller agrees to execute and return to Buyer or Broker working with Buyer, written mutual instructions (e.g., Earnest Money Release form), within three days of Seller's receipt of such form. If Seller is entitled to the Earnest Money, and, except as provided in § 23 (Earnest Money Dispute), if the Earnest Money has not already been paid to Seller, following receipt of an Earnest Money Release form, Buyer agrees to execute and return to Seller or Broker working with Seller, written mutual instructions (e.g., Earnest Money Release form), within three days of Buyer's receipt.
- 4.3.2.1. Seller Failure to Timely Return Earnest Money. If Seller fails to timely execute and return the Earnest Money Release Form, or other written mutual instructions, Seller is in default and liable to Buyer as set forth in "If Seller is in Default", § 20.2. and § 21, unless Seller is entitled to the Earnest Money due to a Buyer default.

152 153	4.3.2.2. Buyer Failure to Timely Release Earnest Money. If Buyer fails to timely execute and return the Earnest Money Release Form, or other written mutual instructions, Buyer is in default and liable to Seller as set forth in " If Buyer "
154 155	 is in Default, § 20.1. and § 21, unless Buyer is entitled to the Earnest Money due to a Seller Default. 4.4. Form of Funds; Time of Payment; Available Funds.
156	4.4.1. Good Funds. All amounts payable by the parties at Closing, including any loan proceeds, Cash at Closing
157	and closing costs, must be in funds that comply with all applicable Colorado laws, including electronic transfer funds, certified
158	check, savings and loan teller's check and cashier's check (Good Funds).
159	4.4.2. Time of Payment. All funds, including the Purchase Price to be paid by Buyer, must be paid before or at
160	Closing or as otherwise agreed in writing between the parties to allow disbursement by Closing Company at Closing OR SUCH
161	NONPAYING PARTY WILL BE IN DEFAULT.
162	4.4.3. Available Funds. Buyer represents that Buyer, as of the date of this Contract, Does Does Not have
163	funds that are immediately verifiable and available in an amount not less than the amount stated as Cash at Closing in § 4.1.
164	4.5. New Loan.
165	4.5.1. Buyer to Pay Loan Costs. Buyer, except as otherwise permitted in § 4.2. (Seller Concession), if applicable,
166	must timely pay Buyer's loan costs, loan discount points, prepaid items and loan origination fees as required by lender.
167	4.5.2. Buyer May Select Financing. Buyer may pay in cash or select financing appropriate and acceptable to
168	Buyer, including a different loan than initially sought, except as restricted in § 4.5.3. (Loan Limitations) or § 29 (Additional
169	Provisions).
170	4.5.3. Loan Limitations. Buyer may purchase the Property using any of the following types of loans:
171	Conventional FHA VA Bond Other
172	If either or both of the FHA or VA boxes are checked, and Buyer closes the transaction using one of those loan types, Seller agrees
173	
174	to pay those closing costs and fees that Buyer is not allowed by law to pay not to exceed \$ 4.5.4. Loan Estimate – Monthly Payment and Loan Costs. Buyer is advised to review the terms, conditions and
175	costs of Buyer's New Loan carefully. If Buyer is applying for a residential loan, the lender generally must provide Buyer with a
176	Loan Estimate within three days after Buyer completes a loan application. Buyer also should obtain an estimate of the amount of
177	Buyer's monthly mortgage payment.
178	4.6. Assumption. Buyer agrees to assume and pay an existing loan in the approximate amount of the Assumption Balance
179	
180	set forth in § 4.1. (Price and Terms), presently payable at \$ per including principal and interest presently at the rate of% per annum and also including escrow for the following as indicated: Real Estate Taxes
181	Property Insurance Promium Mortgage Insurance Premium and
182	Property Insurance Premium Mortgage Insurance Premium and Buyer agrees to pay a loan transfer fee not to exceed \$ At the time of assumption, the new interest rate will not exceed
	not exceed 9/2 per annum and the new payment will not exceed \$ per per per principal and
183	interest, plus escrow, if any. If the actual principal balance of the existing loan at Closing is less than the Assumption Balance, which
184 185	causes the amount of cash required from Buyer at Closing to be increased by more than \$, or if any other terms or
186	provisions of the loan change, Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1. on or before Closing Date.
187	Seller Will Will Not be released from liability on said loan. If applicable, compliance with the requirements for release
	from liability will be evidenced by delivery on or before Loan Transfer Approval Deadline at Closing of an appropriate
188 189	letter of commitment from lender. Any cost payable for release of liability will be paid by in an amount
189 190	not to exceed \$
191	4.7. Seller or Private Financing.WARNING: Unless the transaction is exempt, federal and state laws impose licensing, other requirements and restrictions on sellers
192	and private financiers. Contract provisions on financing and financing documents, unless exempt, should be prepared by a licensed
193	Colorado attorney or licensed mortgage loan originator. Brokers should not prepare or advise the parties on the specifics of financing,
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195	including whether or not a party is exempt from the law. 4.7.1. Seller Financing. If Buyer is to pay all or any portion of the Purchase Price with Seller financing, Buyer
196	
197	Seller will deliver the proposed Seller financing documents to the other party on or before days before Seller or
198	Private Financing Deadline.
199	4.7.1.1. Seller May Terminate. If Seller is to provide Seller financing, this Contract is conditional upon
200	Seller determining whether such financing is satisfactory to the Seller, including its payments, interest rate, terms, conditions, cost, and compliance with the law Seller has the Pight to Terminate under \$ 24.1. on or before Seller or Private Financing Deadline.
201	and compliance with the law. Seller has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1., on or before Seller or Private Financing Deadline,
202	if such Seller financing is not satisfactory to Seller, in Seller's sole subjective discretion.
203	4.7.2. Buyer May Terminate. If Buyer is to pay all or any portion of the Purchase Price with Seller or private
204	financing, this Contract is conditional upon Buyer determining whether such financing is satisfactory to Buyer, including its
205	availability, payments, interest rate, terms, conditions, and cost. Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1, on or before Seller
206	or Private Financing Deadline, if such Seller or private financing is not satisfactory to Buyer, in Buyer's sole subjective discretion.

or

5. FINANCING CONDITIONS AND OBLIGATIONS.

5.1. New Loan Application. If Buyer is to pay all or part of the Purchase Price by obtaining one or more new loans (New Loan), or if an existing loan is not to be released at Closing, Buyer, if required by such lender, must make an application verifiable by such lender, on or before **New Loan Application Deadline** and exercise reasonable efforts to obtain such loan or approval.

5.2. New Loan Terms; New Loan Availability.

- **5.2.1. New Loan Terms.** If Buyer is to pay all or part of the Purchase Price with a New Loan, this Contract is conditional upon Buyer determining, in Buyer's sole subjective discretion, whether the proposed New Loan's payments, interest rate, conditions and costs or any other loan terms (New Loan Terms) are satisfactory to Buyer. This condition is for the sole benefit of Buyer. Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1., on or before **New Loan Terms Deadline**, if the New Loan Terms are not satisfactory to Buyer, in Buyer's sole subjective discretion.
- 5.2.2. New Loan Availability. If Buyer is to pay all or part of the Purchase Price with a New Loan, this Contract is conditional upon Buyer's satisfaction with the availability of the New Loan based on the lender's review and underwriting of Buyer's New Loan Application (New Loan Availability). Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1., on or before the New Loan Availability Deadline if the New Loan Availability is not satisfactory to Buyer. Buyer does not have a Right to Terminate based on the New Loan Availability if the termination is based on the New Loan Terms, Appraised Value (defined below), the Lender Property Requirements (defined below), Insurability (§ 10.5. below) or the Conditional Upon Sale of Property (§ 10.7. below). IF SELLER IS NOT IN DEFAULT AND DOES NOT TIMELY RECEIVE BUYER'S WRITTEN NOTICE TO TERMINATE, BUYER'S EARNEST MONEY WILL BE NONREFUNDABLE, except as otherwise provided in this Contract (e.g., Appraisal, Title, Survey).
- 5.3. Credit Information. If an existing loan is not to be released at Closing, this Contract is conditional (for the sole benefit of Seller) upon Seller's approval of Buyer's financial ability and creditworthiness, which approval will be in Seller's sole subjective discretion. Accordingly: (1) Buyer must supply to Seller by Buyer's Credit Information Deadline, at Buyer's expense, information and documents (including a current credit report) concerning Buyer's financial, employment and credit condition; (2) Buyer consents that Seller may verify Buyer's financial ability and creditworthiness; and (3) any such information and documents received by Seller must be held by Seller in confidence and not released to others except to protect Seller's interest in this transaction. If the Cash at Closing is less than as set forth in § 4.1. of this Contract, Seller has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1., on or before Closing. If Seller disapproves of Buyer's financial ability or creditworthiness, in Seller's sole subjective discretion, Seller has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1., on or before Disapproval of Buyer's Credit Information Deadline.
- 5.4. Existing Loan Review. If an existing loan is not to be released at Closing, Seller must deliver copies of the loan documents (including note, deed of trust and any modifications) to Buyer by Existing Loan Deadline. For the sole benefit of Buyer, this Contract is conditional upon Buyer's review and approval of the provisions of such loan documents. Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1., on or before Existing Loan Termination Deadline, based on any unsatisfactory provision of such loan documents, in Buyer's sole subjective discretion. If the lender's approval of a transfer of the Property is required, this Contract is conditional upon Buyer obtaining such approval without change in the terms of such loan, except as set forth in § 4.6. If lender's approval is not obtained by Loan Transfer Approval Deadline, this Contract will terminate on such deadline. Seller has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1., on or before Closing, in Seller's sole subjective discretion, if Seller is to be released from liability under such existing loan and Buyer does not obtain such compliance as set forth in § 4.6.

6. APPRAISAL PROVISIONS.

- **6.1. Appraisal Definition.** An "Appraisal" is an opinion of value prepared by a licensed or certified appraiser, engaged on behalf of Buyer or Buyer's lender, to determine the Property's market value (Appraised Value). The Appraisal may also set forth certain lender requirements, replacements, removals or repairs necessary on or to the Property as a condition for the Property to be valued at the Appraised Value.
- **6.2. Appraised Value.** The applicable appraisal provision set forth below applies to the respective loan type set forth in § 4.5.3., or if a cash transaction (i.e., no financing), § 6.2.1. applies.
- **6.2.1.** Conventional/Other. Buyer has the right to obtain an Appraisal. If the Appraised Value is less than the Purchase Price, or if the Appraisal is not received by Buyer on or before Appraisal Deadline Buyer may, on or before Appraisal Objection Deadline:
 - **6.2.1.1. Notice to Terminate.** Notify Seller in writing, pursuant to § 24.1., that this Contract is terminated;
- **6.2.1.2. Appraisal Objection.** Deliver to Seller a written objection accompanied by either a copy of the Appraisal or written notice from lender that confirms the Appraised Value is less than the Purchase Price (Lender Verification).
- 6.2.1.3. Appraisal Resolution. If an Appraisal Objection is received by Seller, on or before Appraisal Objection Deadline and if Buyer and Seller have not agreed in writing to a settlement thereof on or before Appraisal Resolution Deadline, this Contract will terminate on the Appraisal Resolution Deadline, unless Seller receives Buyer's written withdrawal of the Appraisal Objection before such termination, (i.e., on or before expiration of Appraisal Resolution Deadline).

6.2.2. FHA. It is expressly agreed that, notwithstanding any other provisions of this Contract, the purchaser (Buyer) shall not be obligated to complete the purchase of the Property described herein or to incur any penalty by forfeiture of Earnest Money deposits or otherwise unless the purchaser (Buyer) has been given, in accordance with HUD/FHA or VA requirements, a written statement issued by the Federal Housing Commissioner, Department of Veterans Affairs, or a Direct Endorsement lender, setting forth the appraised value of the Property of not less than \$_______. The purchaser (Buyer) shall have the privilege and option of proceeding with the consummation of this Contract without regard to the amount of the appraised valuation. The appraised valuation is arrived at to determine the maximum mortgage the Department of Housing and Urban Development will insure. HUD does not warrant the value nor the condition of the Property. The purchaser (Buyer) should satisfy himself/herself/themselves that the price and condition of the Property are acceptable.

- **6.2.3. VA.** It is expressly agreed that, notwithstanding any other provisions of this Contract, the purchaser (Buyer) shall not incur any penalty by forfeiture of Earnest Money or otherwise or be obligated to complete the purchase of the Property described herein, if the Contract Purchase Price or cost exceeds the reasonable value of the Property established by the Department of Veterans Affairs. The purchaser (Buyer) shall, however, have the privilege and option of proceeding with the consummation of this Contract without regard to the amount of the reasonable value established by the Department of Veterans Affairs.
- **6.3.** Lender Property Requirements. If the lender imposes any written requirements, replacements, removals or repairs, including any specified in the Appraisal (Lender Property Requirements) to be made to the Property (e.g., roof repair, repainting), beyond those matters already agreed to by Seller in this Contract, this Contract terminates on the earlier of three days following Seller's receipt of the Lender Property Requirements, or Closing, unless prior to termination: (1) the parties enter into a written agreement to satisfy the Lender Property Requirements; (2) the Lender Property Requirements have been completed; or (3) the satisfaction of the Lender Property Requirements is waived in writing by Buyer.
- **6.4.** Cost of Appraisal. Cost of the Appraisal to be obtained after the date of this Contract must be timely paid by Duyer Seller. The cost of the Appraisal may include any and all fees paid to the appraiser, appraisal management company, lender's agent or all three.
- 7. OWNERS' ASSOCIATIONS. This Section is applicable if the Property is located within one or more Common Interest Communities and subject to one or more declarations (Association).
 - 7.1. Common Interest Community Disclosure. THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN A COMMON INTEREST COMMUNITY AND IS SUBJECT TO THE DECLARATION FOR THE COMMUNITY. THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY WILL BE REQUIRED TO BE A MEMBER OF THE OWNERS' ASSOCIATION FOR THE COMMUNITY AND WILL BE SUBJECT TO THE BYLAWS AND RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE ASSOCIATION. THE DECLARATION, BYLAWS AND RULES AND REGULATIONS WILL IMPOSE FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS UPON THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY, INCLUDING AN OBLIGATION TO PAY ASSESSMENTS OF THE ASSOCIATION. IF THE OWNER DOES NOT PAY THESE ASSESSMENTS, THE ASSOCIATION COULD PLACE A LIEN ON THE PROPERTY AND POSSIBLY SELL IT TO PAY THE DEBT. THE DECLARATION, BYLAWS AND RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE COMMUNITY MAY PROHIBIT THE OWNER FROM MAKING CHANGES TO THE PROPERTY WITHOUT AN ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW BY THE ASSOCIATION (OR A COMMITTEE OF THE ASSOCIATION) AND THE APPROVAL OF THE ASSOCIATION. PURCHASERS OF PROPERTY WITHIN THE COMMON INTEREST COMMUNITY SHOULD INVESTIGATE THE FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATION. PURCHASERS SHOULD CAREFULLY READ THE DECLARATION FOR THE COMMUNITY AND THE BYLAWS AND RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE ASSOCIATION.
 - **7.2. Association Documents to Buyer.** Seller is obligated to provide to Buyer the Association Documents (defined below), at Seller's expense, on or before **Association Documents Deadline**. Seller authorizes the Association to provide the Association Documents to Buyer, at Seller's expense. Seller's obligation to provide the Association Documents is fulfilled upon Buyer's receipt of the Association Documents, regardless of who provides such documents.
 - **7.3. Association Documents.** Association documents (Association Documents) consist of the following:
 - **7.3.1.** All Association declarations, articles of incorporation, bylaws, articles of organization, operating agreements, rules and regulations, party wall agreements and the Association's responsible governance policies adopted under § 38-33.3-209.5, C.R.S.;
 - **7.3.2.** Minutes of: (1) the annual owners' or members' meeting and (2) any executive boards' or managers' meetings; such minutes include those provided under the most current annual disclosure required under § 38-33.3-209.4, C.R.S. (Annual Disclosure) and minutes of meetings, if any, subsequent to the minutes disclosed in the Annual Disclosure. If none of the preceding minutes exist, then the most recent minutes, if any (§§ 7.3.1. and 7.3.2., collectively, Governing Documents); and
 - **7.3.3.** List of all Association insurance policies as provided in the Association's last Annual Disclosure, including, but not limited to, property, general liability, association director and officer professional liability and fidelity policies. The list must include the company names, policy limits, policy deductibles, additional named insureds and expiration dates of the policies listed (Association Insurance Documents):
 - **7.3.4.** A list by unit type of the Association's assessments, including both regular and special assessments as disclosed in the Association's last Annual Disclosure;

- 7.3.5. The Association's most recent financial documents which consist of: (1) the Association's operating budget for the current fiscal year, (2) the Association's most recent annual financial statements, including any amounts held in reserve for the fiscal year immediately preceding the Association's last Annual Disclosure, (3) the results of the Association's most recent available financial audit or review, (4) list of the fees and charges (regardless of name or title of such fees or charges) that the Association's community association manager or Association will charge in connection with the Closing including, but not limited to, any fee incident to the issuance of the Association's statement of assessments (Status Letter), any rush or update fee charged for the Status Letter, any record change fee or ownership record transfer fees (Record Change Fee), fees to access documents, (5) list of all assessments required to be paid in advance, reserves or working capital due at Closing and (6) reserve study, if any (§§ 7.3.4. and 7.3.5., collectively, Financial Documents);
- **7.3.6.** Any written notice from the Association to Seller of a "construction defect action" under § 38-33.3-303.5, C.R.S. within the past six months and the result of whether the Association approved or disapproved such action (Construction Defect Documents). Nothing in this Section limits the Seller's obligation to disclose adverse material facts as required under § 10.2. (Disclosure of Adverse Material Facts; Subsequent Disclosure; Present Condition) including any problems or defects in the common elements or limited common elements of the Association property.
- 7.4. Conditional on Buyer's Review. Buyer has the right to review the Association Documents. Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1., on or before Association Documents Termination Deadline, based on any unsatisfactory provision in any of the Association Documents, in Buyer's sole subjective discretion. Should Buyer receive the Association Documents after Association Documents Deadline, Buyer, at Buyer's option, has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1. by Buyer's Notice to Terminate received by Seller on or before ten days after Buyer's receipt of the Association Documents. If Buyer does not receive the Association Documents, or if Buyer's Notice to Terminate would otherwise be required to be received by Seller after Closing Date, Buyer's Notice to Terminate must be received by Seller on or before Closing. If Seller does not receive Buyer's Notice to Terminate within such time, Buyer accepts the provisions of the Association Documents as satisfactory and Buyer waives any Right to Terminate under this provision, notwithstanding the provisions of § 8.6. (Third Party Right to Purchase/Approve).

8. TITLE INSURANCE, RECORD TITLE AND OFF-RECORD TITLE.

- 8.1.1. Seller Selects Title Insurance Company. If this box is checked, Seller will select the title insurance company to furnish the owner's title insurance policy at Seller's expense. On or before **Record Title Deadline**, Seller must furnish to Buyer, a current commitment for an owner's title insurance policy (Title Commitment), in an amount equal to the Purchase Price, or if this box is checked,

 an **Abstract of Title** certified to a current date. Seller will cause the title insurance policy to be issued and delivered to Buyer as soon as practicable at or after Closing.
- 8.1.2. Buyer Selects Title Insurance Company. If this box is checked, Buyer will select the title insurance company to furnish the owner's title insurance policy at Buyer's expense. On or before **Record Title Deadline**, Buyer must furnish to Seller, a current commitment for owner's title insurance policy (Title Commitment), in an amount equal to the Purchase Price. If neither box in § 8.1.1. or § 8.1.2. is checked, § 8.1.1. applies.
- Regardless of whether the Contract requires OEC, the Title Insurance Commitment may not provide OEC or delete or insure over any or all of the standard exceptions for OEC. The Title Insurance Company may require a New Survey or New ILC, defined below, among other requirements for OEC. If the Title Insurance Commitment is not satisfactory to Buyer, Buyer has a right to object under § 8.7. (Right to Object to Title, Resolution).
- **8.1.4. Title Documents.** Title Documents consist of the following: (1) copies of any plats, declarations, covenants, conditions and restrictions burdening the Property and (2) copies of any other documents (or, if illegible, summaries of such documents) listed in the schedule of exceptions (Exceptions) in the Title Commitment furnished to Buyer (collectively, Title Documents).
- **8.1.5.** Copies of Title Documents. Buyer must receive, on or before Record Title Deadline, copies of all Title Documents. This requirement pertains only to documents as shown of record in the office of the clerk and recorder in the county where the Property is located. The cost of furnishing copies of the documents required in this Section will be at the expense of the party or parties obligated to pay for the owner's title insurance policy.
- **8.1.6.** Existing Abstracts of Title. Seller must deliver to Buyer copies of any abstracts of title covering all or any portion of the Property (Abstract of Title) in Seller's possession on or before **Record Title Deadline**.
- **8.2.** Record Title. Buyer has the right to review and object to the Abstract of Title or Title Commitment and any of the Title Documents as set forth in § 8.7. (Right to Object to Title, Resolution) on or before **Record Title Objection Deadline**. Buyer's objection may be based on any unsatisfactory form or content of Title Commitment or Abstract of Title, notwithstanding § 13, or any other unsatisfactory title condition, in Buyer's sole subjective discretion. If the Abstract of Title, Title Commitment or Title

Documents are not received by Buyer on or before the **Record Title Deadline**, or if there is an endorsement to the Title Commitment that adds a new Exception to title, a copy of the new Exception to title and the modified Title Commitment will be delivered to Buyer. Buyer has until the earlier of Closing or ten days after receipt of such documents by Buyer to review and object to: (1) any required Title Document not timely received by Buyer, (2) any change to the Abstract of Title, Title Commitment or Title Documents, or (3) any endorsement to the Title Commitment. If Seller receives Buyer's Notice to Terminate or Notice of Title Objection, pursuant to this § 8.2. (Record Title), any title objection by Buyer is governed by the provisions set forth in § 8.7. (Right to Object to Title, Resolution). If Seller has fulfilled all Seller's obligations, if any, to deliver to Buyer all documents required by § 8.1. (Evidence of Record Title) and Seller does not receive Buyer's Notice to Terminate or Notice of Title Objection by the applicable deadline specified above, Buyer accepts the condition of title as disclosed by the Abstract of Title, Title Commitment and Title Documents as satisfactory.

- 8.3. Off-Record Title. Seller must deliver to Buyer, on or before Off-Record Title Deadline, true copies of all existing surveys in Seller's possession pertaining to the Property and must disclose to Buyer all easements, liens (including, without limitation, governmental improvements approved, but not yet installed) or other title matters not shown by public records, of which Seller has actual knowledge (Off-Record Matters). This Section excludes any New ILC or New Survey governed under § 9 (New ILC, New Survey). Buyer has the right to inspect the Property to investigate if any third party has any right in the Property not shown by public records (e.g., unrecorded easement, boundary line discrepancy or water rights). Buyer's Notice to Terminate or Notice of Title Objection of any unsatisfactory condition (whether disclosed by Seller or revealed by such inspection, notwithstanding § 8.2. (Record Title) and § 13 (Transfer of Title), in Buyer's sole subjective discretion, must be received by Seller on or before Off-Record Title Objection Deadline. If an Off-Record Matter is received by Buyer after the Off-Record Title Deadline, Buyer has until the earlier of Closing or ten days after receipt by Buyer to review and object to such Off-Record Matter. If Seller receives Buyer's Notice to Terminate or Notice of Title Objection pursuant to this § 8.3. (Off-Record Title), any title objection by Buyer is governed by the provisions set forth in § 8.7. (Right to Object to Title, Resolution). If Seller does not receive Buyer's Notice to Terminate or Notice of Title Objection by the applicable deadline specified above, Buyer accepts title subject to such Off-Record Matters and rights, if any, of third parties not shown by public records of which Buyer has actual knowledge.
- 8.4. Special Taxing and Metropolitan Districts. SPECIAL TAXING DISTRICTS MAY BE SUBJECT TO GENERAL OBLIGATION INDEBTEDNESS THAT IS PAID BY REVENUES PRODUCED FROM ANNUAL TAX LEVIES ON THE TAXABLE PROPERTY WITHIN SUCH DISTRICTS. PROPERTY OWNERS IN SUCH DISTRICTS MAY BE PLACED AT RISK FOR INCREASED MILL LEVIES AND TAX TO SUPPORT THE SERVICING OF SUCH DEBT WHERE CIRCUMSTANCES ARISE RESULTING IN THE INABILITY OF SUCH A DISTRICT TO DISCHARGE SUCH INDEBTEDNESS WITHOUT SUCH AN INCREASE IN MILL LEVIES. BUYERS SHOULD INVESTIGATE THE SPECIAL TAXING DISTRICTS IN WHICH THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED BY CONTACTING THE COUNTY TREASURER, BY REVIEWING THE CERTIFICATE OF TAXES DUE FOR THE PROPERTY AND BY OBTAINING FURTHER INFORMATION FROM THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER, OR THE COUNTY ASSESSOR. The official website for the Metropolitan District, if any, is:
- 8.5. Tax Certificate. A tax certificate paid for by Seller Buyer, for the Property listing any special taxing or metropolitan districts that affect the Property (Tax Certificate) must be delivered to Buyer on or before Record Title Deadline. If the content of the Tax Certificate is unsatisfactory to Buyer, in Buyer's sole subjective discretion, Buyer may terminate, on or before Record Title Objection Deadline. Should Buyer receive the Tax Certificate after Record Title Deadline, Buyer, at Buyer's option, has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1. by Buyer's Notice to Terminate received by Seller on or before ten days after Buyer's receipt of the Tax Certificate. If Buyer does not receive the Tax Certificate, or if Buyer's Notice to Terminate would otherwise be required to be received by Seller after Closing Date, Buyer's Notice to Terminate must be received by Seller on or before Closing. If Seller does not receive Buyer's Notice to Terminate within such time, Buyer accepts the content of the Tax Certificate as satisfactory and Buyer waives any Right to Terminate under this provision. If Buyer's loan specified in §4.5.3. (Loan Limitations) prohibits Buyer from paying for the Tax Certificate, the Tax Certificate will be paid for by Seller.
- **8.6.** Third Party Right to Purchase/Approve. If any third party has a right to purchase the Property (e.g., right of first refusal on the Property, right to purchase the Property under a lease or an option held by a third party to purchase the Property) or a right of a third party to approve this Contract, Seller must promptly submit this Contract according to the terms and conditions of such right. If the third-party holder of such right exercises its right this Contract will terminate. If the third party's right to purchase is waived explicitly or expires, or the Contract is approved, this Contract will remain in full force and effect. Seller must promptly notify Buyer in writing of the foregoing. If the third party right to purchase is exercised or approval of this Contract has not occurred on or before **Third Party Right to Purchase/Approve Deadline**, this Contract will then terminate. Seller will supply to Buyer, in writing, details of any Third Party Right to Purchase the Property on or before the Record Title Deadline.
- **8.7. Right to Object to Title, Resolution.** Buyer has a right to object or terminate, in Buyer's sole subjective discretion, based on any title matters including those matters set forth in § 8.2. (Record Title), § 8.3. (Off-Record Title), § 8.5. (Tax Certificate) and § 13 (Transfer of Title). If Buyer exercises Buyer's rights to object or terminate based on any such title matter, on or before the applicable deadline, Buyer has the following options:
- **8.7.1. Title Objection, Resolution.** If Seller receives Buyer's written notice objecting to any title matter (Notice of Title Objection) on or before the applicable deadline and if Buyer and Seller have not agreed to a written settlement thereof on or before **Title Resolution Deadline**, this Contract will terminate on the expiration of **Title Resolution Deadline**, unless Seller receives

- Buyer's written withdrawal of Buyer's Notice of Title Objection (i.e., Buyer's written notice to waive objection to such items and waives the Right to Terminate for that reason), on or before expiration of **Title Resolution Deadline**. If either the Record Title Deadline or the Off-Record Title Deadline, or both, are extended pursuant to § 8.2. (Record Title) or § 8.3. (Off-Record Title) the Title Resolution Deadline also will be automatically extended to the earlier of Closing or fifteen days after Buyer's receipt of the applicable documents; or
 - **8.7.2. Title Objection, Right to Terminate.** Buyer may exercise the Right to Terminate under § 24.1., on or before the applicable deadline, based on any title matter unsatisfactory to Buyer, in Buyer's sole subjective discretion.
 - **8.8. Title Advisory.** The Title Documents affect the title, ownership and use of the Property and should be reviewed carefully. Additionally, other matters not reflected in the Title Documents may affect the title, ownership and use of the Property, including, without limitation, boundary lines and encroachments, set-back requirements, area, zoning, building code violations, unrecorded easements and claims of easements, leases and other unrecorded agreements, water on or under the Property and various laws and governmental regulations concerning land use, development and environmental matters.
 - 8.8.1. OIL, GAS, WATER AND MINERAL DISCLOSURE. THE SURFACE ESTATE OF THE PROPERTY MAY BE OWNED SEPARATELY FROM THE UNDERLYING MINERAL ESTATE AND TRANSFER OF THE SURFACE ESTATE MAY NOT NECESSARILY INCLUDE TRANSFER OF THE MINERAL ESTATE OR WATER RIGHTS. THIRD PARTIES MAY OWN OR LEASE INTERESTS IN OIL, GAS, OTHER MINERALS, GEOTHERMAL ENERGY OR WATER ON OR UNDER THE SURFACE OF THE PROPERTY, WHICH INTERESTS MAY GIVE THEM RIGHTS TO ENTER AND USE THE SURFACE OF THE PROPERTY TO ACCESS THE MINERAL ESTATE, OIL, GAS OR WATER.
 - 8.8.2. SURFACE USE AGREEMENT. THE USE OF THE SURFACE ESTATE OF THE PROPERTY TO ACCESS THE OIL, GAS OR MINERALS MAY BE GOVERNED BY A SURFACE USE AGREEMENT, A MEMORANDUM OR OTHER NOTICE OF WHICH MAY BE RECORDED WITH THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER.
 - 8.8.3. OIL AND GAS ACTIVITY. OIL AND GAS ACTIVITY THAT MAY OCCUR ON OR ADJACENT TO THE PROPERTY MAY INCLUDE, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, SURVEYING, DRILLING, WELL COMPLETION OPERATIONS, STORAGE, OIL AND GAS, OR PRODUCTION FACILITIES, PRODUCING WELLS, REWORKING OF CURRENT WELLS AND GAS GATHERING AND PROCESSING FACILITIES.
 - 8.8.4. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. BUYER IS ENCOURAGED TO SEEK ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING OIL AND GAS ACTIVITY ON OR ADJACENT TO THE PROPERTY, INCLUDING DRILLING PERMIT APPLICATIONS. THIS INFORMATION MAY BE AVAILABLE FROM THE COLORADO OIL AND GAS CONSERVATION COMMISSION.
 - **8.8.5. Title Insurance Exclusions.** Matters set forth in this Section and others, may be excepted, excluded from, or not covered by the owner's title insurance policy.
- 8.9. Mineral Rights Review. Buyer Does Does Not have a Right to Terminate if examination of the Mineral Rights is unsatisfactory to Buyer on or before the Mineral Rights Examination Deadline.

473 9. NEW ILC, NEW SURVEY.

- 9.1. New ILC or New Survey. If the box is checked, (1) New Improvement Location Certificate (New ILC); or, (2)
 New Survey in the form of ; is required and the following will apply:

 9.1. Ordering of New ILC or New Survey. Seller Buyer will order the New ILC or New Survey. The
 New ILC or New Survey may also be a previous ILC or survey that is in the above-required form, certified and updated as of a date
 - New ILC or New Survey may also be a previous ILC or survey that is in the above-required form, certified and updated as of a date after the date of this Contract.
- 9.1.2. Payment for New ILC or New Survey. The cost of the New ILC or New Survey will be paid, on or before Closing, by: Seller Buyer or:
 - 9.1.3. Delivery of New ILC or New Survey. Buyer, Seller, the issuer of the Title Commitment (or the provider of the opinion of title if an Abstract of Title) and ______ will receive a New ILC or New Survey on or before New ILC or New Survey Deadline.
 - **9.1.4. Certification of New ILC or New Survey.** The New ILC or New Survey will be certified by the surveyor to all those who are to receive the New ILC or New Survey.
 - 9.2. Buyer's Right to Waive or Change New ILC or New Survey Selection. Buyer may select a New ILC or New Survey different than initially specified in this Contract if there is no additional cost to Seller or change to the New ILC or New Survey Objection Deadline. Buyer may, in Buyer's sole subjective discretion, waive a New ILC or New Survey if done prior to Seller incurring any cost for the same.
 - 9.3. New ILC or New Survey Objection. Buyer has the right to review and object based on the New ILC or New Survey. If the New ILC or New Survey is not timely received by Buyer or is unsatisfactory to Buyer, in Buyer's sole subjective discretion, Buyer may, on or before New ILC or New Survey Objection Deadline, notwithstanding § 8.3. or § 13:
 - **9.3.1.** Notice to Terminate. Notify Seller in writing, pursuant to § 24.1, that this Contract is terminated; or

- **9.3.2. New ILC or New Survey Objection.** Deliver to Seller a written description of any matter that was to be shown or is shown in the New ILC or New Survey that is unsatisfactory and that Buyer requires Seller to correct.
- 9.3.3. New ILC or New Survey Resolution. If a New ILC or New Survey Objection is received by Seller, on or before New ILC or New Survey Objection Deadline and if Buyer and Seller have not agreed in writing to a settlement thereof on or before New ILC or New Survey Resolution Deadline, this Contract will terminate on expiration of the New ILC or New Survey Resolution Deadline, unless Seller receives Buyer's written withdrawal of the New ILC or New Survey Objection before such termination (i.e., on or before expiration of New ILC or New Survey Resolution Deadline).

DISCLOSURE, INSPECTION AND DUE DILIGENCE

10. PROPERTY DISCLOSURE, INSPECTION, INDEMNITY, INSURABILITY, DUE DILIGENCE AND SOURCE OF WATER.

- 10.1. Seller's Property Disclosure. On or before Seller's Property Disclosure Deadline, Seller agrees to deliver to Buyer the most current version of the applicable Colorado Real Estate Commission's Seller's Property Disclosure form completed by Seller to Seller's actual knowledge and current as of the date of this Contract.
- 10.2. Disclosure of Adverse Material Facts; Subsequent Disclosure; Present Condition. Seller must disclose to Buyer any adverse material facts actually known by Seller as of the date of this Contract. Seller agrees that disclosure of adverse material facts will be in writing. In the event Seller discovers an adverse material fact after the date of this Contract, Seller must timely disclose such adverse fact to Buyer. Buyer has the Right to Terminate based on the Seller's new disclosure on the earlier of Closing or five days after Buyer's receipt of the new disclosure. Except as otherwise provided in this Contract, Buyer acknowledges that Seller is conveying the Property to Buyer in an "As Is" condition, "Where Is" and "With All Faults."
- 10.3. Inspection. Unless otherwise provided in this Contract, Buyer, acting in good faith, has the right to have inspections (by one or more third parties, personally or both) of the Property, Leased Items, and Inclusions (Inspection), at Buyer's expense. If (1) the physical condition of the Property, including, but not limited to, the roof, walls, structural integrity of the Property, the electrical, plumbing, HVAC and other mechanical systems of the Property, (2) the physical condition of the Inclusions and Leased Items, (3) service to the Property (including utilities and communication services), systems and components of the Property (e.g., heating and plumbing), (4) any proposed or existing transportation project, road, street or highway, or (5) any other activity, odor or noise (whether on or off the Property) and its effect or expected effect on the Property or its occupants is unsatisfactory, in Buyer's sole subjective discretion, Buyer may:
- **10.3.1. Inspection Termination.** On or before the **Inspection Termination Deadline**, notify Seller in writing, pursuant to § 24.1., that this Contract is terminated due to any unsatisfactory condition, provided the Buyer did not previously deliver an Inspection Objection. Buyer's Right to Terminate under this provision expires upon delivery of an Inspection Objection to Seller pursuant to § 10.3.2.; or
- 10.3.2. Inspection Objection. On or before the Inspection Objection Deadline, deliver to Seller a written description of any unsatisfactory condition that Buyer requires Seller to correct.
- 10.3.3. Inspection Resolution. If an Inspection Objection is received by Seller, on or before Inspection Objection Deadline and if Buyer and Seller have not agreed in writing to a settlement thereof on or before Inspection Resolution Deadline, this Contract will terminate on Inspection Resolution Deadline unless Seller receives Buyer's written withdrawal of the Inspection Objection before such termination (i.e., on or before expiration of Inspection Resolution Deadline). Nothing in this provision prohibits the Buyer and the Seller from mutually terminating this Contract before the Inspection Resolution Deadline passes by executing an Earnest Money Release.
- 10.4. Damage, Liens and Indemnity. Buyer, except as otherwise provided in this Contract or other written agreement between the parties, is responsible for payment for all inspections, tests, surveys, engineering reports, or other reports performed at Buyer's request (Work) and must pay for any damage that occurs to the Property and Inclusions as a result of such Work. Buyer must not permit claims or liens of any kind against the Property for Work performed on the Property. Buyer agrees to indemnify, protect and hold Seller harmless from and against any liability, damage, cost or expense incurred by Seller and caused by any such Work, claim, or lien. This indemnity includes Seller's right to recover all costs and expenses incurred by Seller to defend against any such liability, damage, cost or expense, or to enforce this Section, including Seller's reasonable attorney fees, legal fees and expenses. The provisions of this Section survive the termination of this Contract. This § 10.4. does not apply to items performed pursuant to an Inspection Resolution.
- 10.5. Insurability. Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1., on or before **Property Insurance Termination Deadline**, based on any unsatisfactory provision of the availability, terms and conditions and premium for property insurance (Property Insurance) on the Property, in Buyer's sole subjective discretion.

10.6. Due Diligence.

 10.6.1. Due Diligence Documents. Seller agrees to deliver copies of the following documents and information pertaining to the Property and Leased Items (Due Diligence Documents) to Buyer on or before **Due Diligence Documents Delivery Deadline**:

551	10.6.1.1. Occupancy Agreements. All current leases, including any amendments or other occupancy
552	agreements, pertaining to the Property. Those leases or other occupancy agreements pertaining to the Property that survive Closing
553	are as follows (Leases):
554	
555	
556	10.6.1.2. Leased Items Documents. If any lease of personal property (§ 2.5.7., Leased Items) will be
557	transferred to Buyer at Closing, Seller agrees to deliver copies of the leases and information pertaining to the personal property to
558	Buyer on or before Due Diligence Documents Delivery Deadline . Buyer Will Will Not assume the Seller's obligations
	under such leases for the Leased Items (§ 2.5.7., Leased Items).
559	under such leases for the Leased Items (§ 2.3.7., Leased Items).
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561	10.6.1.3. Encumbered Inclusions Documents. If any Inclusions owned by Seller are encumbered
562	pursuant to § 2.5.4. (Encumbered Inclusions) above, Seller agrees to deliver copies of the evidence of debt, security and any other
563	documents creating the encumbrance to Buyer on or before Due Diligence Documents Delivery Deadline . Buyer Will Will
564	Not assume the debt on the Encumbered Inclusions (§ 2.5.4., Encumbered Inclusions).
565	
566	10.6.1.4. Other Documents. Other documents and information:
567	
568	
569	
570	
571	10.6.2. Due Diligence Documents Review and Objection. Buyer has the right to review and object based on the Due
572	Diligence Documents. If the Due Diligence Documents are not supplied to Buyer or are unsatisfactory, in Buyer's sole subjective
573	discretion, Buyer may, on or before Due Diligence Documents Objection Deadline :
574	10.6.2.1. Notice to Terminate. Notify Seller in writing, pursuant to § 24.1., that this Contract is terminated;
575	or
576	10.6.2.2. Due Diligence Documents Objection. Deliver to Seller a written description of any
577	unsatisfactory Due Diligence Documents that Buyer requires Seller to correct.
578	10.6.2.3. Due Diligence Documents Resolution. If a Due Diligence Documents Objection is received by
579	Seller, on or before Due Diligence Documents Objection Deadline and if Buyer and Seller have not agreed in writing to a settlement
580	thereof on or before Due Diligence Documents Resolution Deadline , this Contract will terminate on Due Diligence Documents
581	Resolution Deadline unless Seller receives Buyer's written withdrawal of the Due Diligence Documents Objection before such
582	termination (i.e., on or before expiration of Due Diligence Documents Resolution Deadline).
583	10.7. Conditional Upon Sale of Property. This Contract is conditional upon the sale and closing of that certain property
584	owned by Buyer and commonly known as Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1. effective upon Seller's receipt of Buyer's Notice to Terminate on or before Conditional Sale
585	the Right to Terminate under § 24.1. effective upon Seller's receipt of Buyer's Notice to Terminate on or before Conditional Sale
586	Deadline if such property is not sold and closed by such deadline. This Section is for the sole benefit of Buyer. If Seller does not
587	receive Buyer's Notice to Terminate on or before Conditional Sale Deadline, Buyer waives any Right to Terminate under this
588	provision.
589	10.8. Source of Potable Water (Residential Land and Residential Improvements Only). Buyer Does Does Not
590	acknowledge receipt of a copy of Seller's Property Disclosure or Source of Water Addendum disclosing the source of potable water for
591	the Property. There is No Well. Buyer Does Does There is No Well. Buyer Does Does There is No Well. Buyer Does Does
592	Note to Buyer: SOME WATER PROVIDERS RELY, TO VARYING DEGREES, ON NONRENEWABLE GROUND
593	WATER. YOU MAY WISH TO CONTACT YOUR PROVIDER (OR INVESTIGATE THE DESCRIBED SOURCE) TO
594	DETERMINE THE LONG-TERM SUFFICIENCY OF THE PROVIDER'S WATER SUPPLIES.
595	10.9. Existing Leases; Modification of Existing Leases; New Leases. [Intentionally Deleted]
596	10.10. Lead-Based Paint.
597	10.10.1. Lead-Based Paint Disclosure. Unless exempt, if the Property includes one or more residential dwellings
598	constructed or a building permit was issued prior to January 1, 1978, for the benefit of Buyer, Seller and all required real estate
599	licensees must sign and deliver to Buyer a completed Lead-Based Paint Disclosure (Sales) form on or before the Lead-Based Paint
600	Disclosure Deadline. If Buyer does not timely receive the Lead-Based Paint Disclosure, Buyer may waive the failure to timely
601	receive the Lead-Based Paint Disclosure, or Buyer may exercise Buyer's Right to Terminate under § 24.1. by Seller's receipt of
602	Buyer's Notice to Terminate on or before the expiration of the Lead-Based Paint Termination Deadline.
603	10.10.2. Lead-Based Paint Assessment. If Buyer elects to conduct or obtain a risk assessment or inspection of the
604	Property for the presence of Lead-Based Paint or Lead-Based Paint hazards, Buyer has a Right to Terminate under § 24.1. by Seller's
605	receipt of Buyer's Notice to Terminate on or before the expiration of the Lead-Based Paint Termination Deadline. Buyer may
606	elect to waive Buyer's right to conduct or obtain a risk assessment or inspection of the Property for the presence of Lead-Based Paint

or Lead-Based Paint hazards. If Seller does not receive Buyer's Notice to Terminate within such time, Buyer accepts the condition

of the Property relative to any Lead-Based Paint as satisfactory and Buyer waives any Right to Terminate under this provision.

- 10.11. Carbon Monoxide Alarms. Note: If the improvements on the Property have a fuel-fired heater or appliance, a fireplace, or an attached garage and include one or more rooms lawfully used for sleeping purposes (Bedroom), the parties acknowledge that Colorado law requires that Seller assure the Property has an operational carbon monoxide alarm installed within fifteen feet of the entrance to each Bedroom or in a location as required by the applicable building code.
- 10.12. Methamphetamine Disclosure. If Seller knows that methamphetamine was ever manufactured, processed, cooked, disposed of, used or stored at the Property, Seller is required to disclose such fact. No disclosure is required if the Property was remediated in accordance with state standards and other requirements are fulfilled pursuant to § 25-18.5-102, C.R.S., Buyer further acknowledges that Buyer has the right to engage a certified hygienist or industrial hygienist to test whether the Property has ever been used as a methamphetamine laboratory. Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1., upon Seller's receipt of Buyer's written Notice to Terminate, notwithstanding any other provision of this Contract, based on Buyer's test results that indicate the Property has been contaminated with methamphetamine, but has not been remediated to meet the standards established by rules of the State Board of Health promulgated pursuant to § 25-18.5-102, C.R.S. Buyer must promptly give written notice to Seller of the results of the test.
- 10.13. Radon Disclosure. THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT STRONGLY RECOMMENDS THAT <u>ALL</u> HOME BUYERS HAVE AN INDOOR RADON TEST PERFORMED BEFORE PURCHASING RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY AND RECOMMENDS HAVING THE RADON LEVELS MITIGATED IF ELEVATED RADON CONCENTRATIONS ARE FOUND. ELEVATED RADON CONCENTRATIONS CAN BE REDUCED BY A RADON MITIGATION PROFESSIONAL.

RESIDENTAL REAL PROPERTY MAY PRESENT EXPOSURE TO DANGEROUS LEVELS OF INDOOR RADON GAS THAT MAY PLACE THE OCCUPANTS AT RISK OF DEVELOPING RADON-INDUCED LUNG CANCER. RADON, A CLASS A HUMAN CARCINOGEN, IS THE LEADING CAUSE OF LUNG CANCER IN NONSMOKERS AND THE SECOND LEADING CAUSE OF LUNG CANCER OVERALL. THE SELLER OF RESIDENTAL REAL PROPERTY IS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE THE BUYER WITH ANY KNOWN INFORMATION ON RADON TEST RESULTS OF THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY.

AN ELECTRONIC COPY OF THE MOST RECENT BROCHURE PUBLISHED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH C.R.S. §25-11-114(2)(A) THAT PROVIDES ADVICE ABOUT "RADON AND REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN COLORADO" IS AVAILABLE AT: HTTPS://CDPHE.COLORADO.GOV/RADON-AND-REAL-ESTATE.

11. TENANT ESTOPPEL STATEMENTS. [Intentionally Deleted]

CLOSING PROVISIONS

12. CLOSING DOCUMENTS, INSTRUCTIONS AND CLOSING.

- 12.1. Closing Documents and Closing Information. Seller and Buyer will cooperate with the Closing Company to enable the Closing Company to prepare and deliver documents required for Closing to Buyer and Seller and their designees. If Buyer is obtaining a loan to purchase the Property, Buyer acknowledges Buyer's lender is required to provide the Closing Company, in a timely manner, all required loan documents and financial information concerning Buyer's loan. Buyer and Seller will furnish any additional information and documents required by Closing Company that will be necessary to complete this transaction. Buyer and Seller will sign and complete all customary or reasonably required documents at or before Closing.
- **12.2.** Closing Instructions. Colorado Real Estate Commission's Closing Instructions Are Are Not executed with this Contract.
- **12.3.** Closing. Delivery of deed from Seller to Buyer will be at closing (Closing). Closing will be on the date specified as the **Closing Date** or by mutual agreement at an earlier date. At Closing, Seller agrees to deliver a set of keys for the Property to Buyer. The hour and place of Closing will be as designated by
- 12.4. Disclosure of Settlement Costs. Buyer and Seller acknowledge that costs, quality and extent of service vary between different settlement service providers (e.g., attorneys, lenders, inspectors and title companies).
- 12.5. Assignment of Leases. Seller must assign to Buyer all Leases at Closing that will continue after Closing and Buyer must assume Seller's obligations under such Leases. Further, Seller must transfer to Buyer all Leased Items and assign to Buyer such leases for the Leased Items accepted by Buyer pursuant to § 2.5.7. (Leased Items).

656	13. TRANSFER OF TITLE. Subject to Buyer's compliance with the terms and provisions of this Contract, including the tender
657	of any payment due at Closing, Seller must execute and deliver the following good and sufficient deed to Buyer, at Closing:
658	special warranty deed 🗌 general warranty deed 🔲 bargain and sale deed 🔲 quit claim deed 🔲 personal representative's deed
659	deed. Seller, provided another deed is not selected, must execute and deliver a good and
660	sufficient special warranty deed to Buyer, at Closing.

Unless otherwise specified in § 29 (Additional Provisions), if title will be conveyed using a special warranty deed or a general warranty deed, title will be conveyed "subject to statutory exceptions" as defined in §38-30-113(5)(a), C.R.S.

14. PAYMENT OF LIENS AND ENCUMBRANCES. Unless agreed to by Buyer in writing, any amounts owed on any liens 663 or encumbrances securing a monetary sum against the Property and Inclusions, including any governmental liens for special 664 665 improvements installed as of the date of Buyer's signature hereon, whether assessed or not, and previous years' taxes, will be paid at or before Closing by Seller from the proceeds of this transaction or from any other source. 666 15. CLOSING COSTS, FEES, ASSOCIATION STATUS LETTER AND DISBURSEMENTS, TAXES AND 667 WITHHOLDING. 668 15.1. Closing Costs. Buyer and Seller must pay, in Good Funds, their respective closing costs and all other items required 669 to be paid at Closing, except as otherwise provided herein. However, if Buyer's loan specified in §4.5.3. (Loan Limitations) prohibits 670 Buyer from paying for any of the fees contained in this Section, the fees will be paid for by Seller. 671 672 15.2. Closing Services Fee. The fee for real estate closing services must be paid at Closing by Buyer Seller 673 ☐ One-Half by Buyer and One-Half by Seller ☐ Other 15.3. Association Fees and Required Disbursements. At least fourteen days prior to Closing Date, Seller agrees to 674 675 promptly request that the Closing Company or the Association deliver to Buyer a current Status Letter, if applicable. Any fees associated with or specified in the Status Letter will be paid as follows: 676 15.3.1. Status Letter Fee. Any fee incident to the issuance of Association's Status Letter must be paid by Duyer 677 ☐ Seller ☐ One-Half by Buyer and One-Half by Seller ☐ N/A. 678 15.3.2. Record Change Fee. Any Record Change Fee must be paid by Buyer Seller One-Half by Buyer 679 and One-Half by Seller N/A. 680 15.3.3. Assessments, Reserves or Working Capital. All assessments required to be paid in advance (other than 681 Association Assessments as defined in § 16.2. (Association Assessments), reserves or working capital due at Closing must be paid 682 by Buyer Seller One-Half by Buyer and One-Half by Seller N/A. 683 15.3.4. Other Fees. Any other fee listed in the Status Letter as required to be paid at Closing will be paid by 684 Buyer Seller One-Half by Buyer and One-Half by Seller N/A. 685 15.4. Local Transfer Tax. Any Local Transfer Tax must be paid at Closing by Buyer Seller One-Half by 686 Buyer and One-Half by Seller N/A. 687 15.5. Sales and Use Tax. Any sales and use tax that may accrue because of this transaction must be paid when due by 688 Buyer Seller One-Half by Buyer and One-Half by Seller N/A. 689 15.6. Private Transfer Fee. Any private transfer fees and other fees due to a transfer of the Property, payable at Closing, 690 such as community association fees, developer fees and foundation fees, must be paid at Closing by Buyer Seller 691 One-Half by Buyer and One-Half by Seller N/A. 692 15.7. Water Transfer Fees. Water Transfer Fees can change. The fees, as of the date of this Contract, do not exceed 693 694 for: 695 Water Stock/Certificates Water District Augmentation Membership ☐ Small Domestic Water Company 696 and must be paid at Closing by Buyer Seller One-Half by Buyer and One-Half by Seller N/A. 697 15.8. Utility Transfer Fees. Utility transfer fees can change. Any fees to transfer utilities from Seller to Buyer must be 698 paid by Buyer Seller One-Half by Buyer and One-Half by Seller N/A. 699 15.9. FIRPTA and Colorado Withholding. 700 701 15.9.1. FIRPTA. The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) may require a substantial portion of the Seller's proceeds be withheld after Closing when Seller is a foreign person. If required withholding does not occur, the Buyer could be held liable for the 702 amount of the Seller's tax, interest and penalties. If the box in this Section is checked, Seller represents that Seller IS a foreign 703 704 person for purposes of U.S. income taxation. If the box in this Section is not checked, Seller represents that Seller is not a foreign person for purposes of U.S. income taxation. Seller agrees to cooperate with Buyer and Closing Company to provide any reasonably 705 706 requested documents to verify Seller's foreign person status. If withholding is required, Seller authorizes Closing Company to 707 withhold such amount from Seller's proceeds. Seller should inquire with Seller's tax advisor to determine if withholding applies or if an exemption exists. 708 15.9.2. Colorado Withholding. The Colorado Department of Revenue may require a portion of the Seller's proceeds 709 be withheld after Closing when Seller will not be a Colorado resident after Closing, if not otherwise exempt. Seller agrees to 710 cooperate with Buyer and Closing Company to provide any reasonably requested documents to verify Seller's status. If withholding 711 is required, Seller authorizes Closing Company to withhold such amount from Seller's proceeds. Seller should inquire with Seller's 712 713 tax advisor to determine if withholding applies or if an exemption exists. 714 PRORATIONS AND ASSOCIATION ASSESSMENTS. 715 16.1. Prorations. The following will be prorated to the Closing Date, except as otherwise provided: 16.1.1. Taxes. Personal property taxes, if any, special taxing district assessments, if any, and general real estate taxes 716 for the year of Closing, based on Taxes for the Calendar Year Immediately Preceding Closing Most Recent Mill Levy 717 and Most Recent Assessed Valuation, adjusted by any applicable qualifying seniors property tax exemption, qualifying disabled 718 veteran exemption or **Other**

720	16.1.2. Rents. Rents based on Rents Actually Received Accrued. At Closing, Seller will transfer or credit
721	to Buyer the security deposits for all Leases assigned to Buyer, or any remainder after lawful deductions, and notify all tenants in
722	writing of such transfer and of the transferee's name and address.
723	16.1.3. Other Prorations. Water and sewer charges, propane, interest on continuing loan and
724	16.1.4. Final Settlement. Unless otherwise specified in Additional Provisions, these prorations are final.
725	16.2. Association Assessments. Current regular Association assessments and dues (Association Assessments) paid in
726	advance will be credited to Seller at Closing. Cash reserves held out of the regular Association Assessments for deferred maintenance
727	by the Association will not be credited to Seller except as may be otherwise provided by the Governing Documents. Buyer
728	acknowledges that Buyer may be obligated to pay the Association, at Closing, an amount for reserves or working capital. Any special
729	assessment assessed prior to Closing Date by the Association will be the obligation of 🔲 Buyer 🔲 Seller. Except however, any
730	special assessment by the Association for improvements that have been installed as of the date of Buyer's signature hereon, whether
731	assessed prior to or after Closing, will be the obligation of Seller unless otherwise specified in Additional Provisions. Seller represents
732	there are no unpaid regular or special assessments against the Property except the current regular assessments and
733	Association Assessments are subject to change as provided in the Governing Documents.
734	17. POSSESSION. Possession of the Property and Inclusions will be delivered to Buyer on Possession Date at Possession Time.
735	subject to the Leases as set forth in § 10.6.1.1. and, if applicable, any Post-Closing Occupancy Agreement.
736	If Seller, after Closing occurs, fails to deliver possession as specified, Seller will be subject to eviction and will be additionally
737	liable to Buyer, notwithstanding § 20.2. (If Seller is in Default), for payment of \$ per day (or any part of a day
738	notwithstanding § 3.3., Day) from Possession Date and Possession Time until possession is delivered.
739	Buyer represents that Buyer will occupy the Property as Buyer's principal residence unless the following box is checked, then
740	Buyer Does Not represent that Buyer will occupy the Property as Buyer's principal residence.
741	☐ If the box is checked, Buyer and Seller agree to execute a Post-Closing Occupancy Agreement.
742	GENERAL PROVISIONS
743	18. CAUSES OF LOSS, INSURANCE; DAMAGE TO INCLUSIONS AND SERVICES; CONDEMNATION; AND

- 18. CAUSES OF LOSS, INSURANCE; DAMAGE TO INCLUSIONS AND SERVICES; CONDEMNATION; AND WALK-THROUGH. Except as otherwise provided in this Contract, the Property, Inclusions or both will be delivered in the condition existing as of the date of this Contract, ordinary wear and tear excepted.
- 18.1. Causes of Loss, Insurance. In the event the Property or Inclusions are damaged by fire, other perils or causes of loss prior to Closing (Property Damage) in an amount of not more than ten percent of the total Purchase Price and if the repair of the damage will be paid by insurance (other than the deductible to be paid by Seller), then Seller, upon receipt of the insurance proceeds, will use Seller's reasonable efforts to repair the Property before Closing Date. Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1., on or before Closing Date, if the Property is not repaired before Closing Date, or if the damage exceeds such sum. Should Buyer elect to carry out this Contract despite such Property Damage, Buyer is entitled to a credit at Closing for all insurance proceeds that were received by Seller (but not the Association, if any) resulting from damage to the Property and Inclusions, plus the amount of any deductible provided for in the insurance policy. This credit may not exceed the Purchase Price. In the event Seller has not received the insurance proceeds prior to Closing, the parties may agree to extend the Closing Date to have the Property repaired prior to Closing or, at the option of Buyer, (1) Seller must assign to Buyer the right to the proceeds at Closing, if acceptable to Seller's insurance company and Buyer's lender; or (2) the parties may enter into a written agreement prepared by the parties or their attorney requiring the Seller to escrow at Closing from Seller's sale proceeds the amount Seller has received and will receive due to such damage, not exceeding the total Purchase Price, plus the amount of any deductible that applies to the insurance claim.
- 18.2. Damage, Inclusions and Services. Should any Inclusion or service (including utilities and communication services), system, component or fixture of the Property (collectively Service) (e.g., heating or plumbing), fail or be damaged between the date of this Contract and Closing or possession, whichever is earlier, then Seller is liable for the repair or replacement of such Inclusion or Service with a unit of similar size, age and quality, or an equivalent credit, but only to the extent that the maintenance or replacement of such Inclusion or Service is not the responsibility of the Association, if any, less any insurance proceeds received by Buyer covering such repair or replacement. If the failed or damaged Inclusion or Service is not repaired or replaced on or before Closing or possession, whichever is earlier, Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1., on or before Closing Date, or, at the option of Buyer, Buyer is entitled to a credit at Closing for the repair or replacement of such Inclusion or Service. Such credit must not exceed the Purchase Price. If Buyer receives such a credit, Seller's right for any claim against the Association, if any, will survive Closing.
- 18.3. Condemnation. In the event Seller receives actual notice prior to Closing that a pending condemnation action may result in a taking of all or part of the Property or Inclusions, Seller must promptly notify Buyer, in writing, of such condemnation action. Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 24.1., on or before Closing Date, based on such condemnation action, in Buyer's sole subjective discretion. Should Buyer elect to consummate this Contract despite such diminution of value to the Property and Inclusions, Buyer is entitled to a credit at Closing for all condemnation proceeds awarded to Seller for the diminution in the value of the Property or Inclusions, but such credit will not include relocation benefits or expenses or exceed the Purchase Price.

- **18.4. Walk-Through and Verification of Condition.** Buyer, upon reasonable notice, has the right to walk through the Property prior to Closing to verify that the physical condition of the Property and Inclusions complies with this Contract.
 - **18.5. Home Warranty.** Seller and Buyer are aware of the existence of pre-owned home warranty programs that may be purchased and may cover the repair or replacement of such Inclusions.
 - 19. RECOMMENDATION OF LEGAL AND TAX COUNSEL. By signing this Contract, Buyer and Seller acknowledge that their respective broker has advised that this Contract has important legal consequences and has recommended: (1) legal examination of title; (2) consultation with legal and tax or other counsel before signing this Contract as this Contract may have important legal and tax implications; (3) to consult with their own attorney if Water Rights, Mineral Rights or Leased Items are included or excluded in the sale; and (4) to consult with legal counsel if there are other matters in this transaction for which legal counsel should be engaged and consulted. Such consultations must be done timely as this Contract has strict time limits, including deadlines, that must be complied with.
 - **20. TIME OF ESSENCE, DEFAULT AND REMEDIES.** Time is of the essence for all dates and deadlines in this Contract. This means that all dates and deadlines are strict and absolute. If any payment due, including Earnest Money, is not paid, honored or tendered when due, or if any obligation is not performed timely as provided in this Contract or waived, the non-defaulting party has the following remedies:

20.1. If Buyer is in Default:

- **20.1.1.** Specific Performance. Seller may elect to cancel this Contract and all Earnest Money (whether or not paid by Buyer) will be paid to Seller and retained by Seller. It is agreed that the Earnest Money is not a penalty, and the Parties agree the amount is fair and reasonable. Seller may recover such additional damages as may be proper. Alternatively, Seller may elect to treat this Contract as being in full force and effect and Seller has the right to specific performance or damages, or both.
- **20.1.2.** Liquidated Damages, Applicable. This § 20.1.2. applies unless the box in § 20.1.1. is checked. Seller may cancel this Contract. All Earnest Money (whether or not paid by Buyer) will be paid to Seller and retained by Seller. It is agreed that the Earnest Money amount specified in § 4.1. is LIQUIDATED DAMAGES and not a penalty, which amount the parties agree is fair and reasonable and (except as provided in §§ 10.4. and 21), such amount is SELLER'S ONLY REMEDY for Buyer's failure to perform the obligations of this Contract. Seller expressly waives the remedies of specific performance and additional damages.

20.2. If Seller is in Default:

- **20.2.1. Specific Performance, Damages or Both.** Buyer may elect to treat this Contract as canceled, in which case all Earnest Money received hereunder will be returned to Buyer and Buyer may recover such damages as may be proper. Alternatively, in addition to the per diem in § 17 (Possession) for failure of Seller to timely deliver possession of the Property after Closing occurs, Buyer may elect to treat this Contract as being in full force and effect and Buyer has the right to specific performance or damages, or both.
- **20.2.2.** Seller's Failure to Perform. In the event Seller fails to perform Seller's obligations under this Contract, to include, but not limited to, failure to timely disclose Association violations known by Seller, failure to perform any replacements or repairs required under this Contract or failure to timely disclose any known adverse material facts, Seller remains liable for any such failures to perform under this Contract after Closing. Buyer's rights to pursue the Seller for Seller's failure to perform under this Contract are reserved and survive Closing.
- 21. LEGAL FEES, COST AND EXPENSES. Anything to the contrary herein notwithstanding, in the event of any arbitration or litigation relating to this Contract, prior to or after Closing Date, the arbitrator or court must award to the prevailing party all reasonable costs and expenses, including attorney fees, legal fees and expenses.
- 22. MEDIATION. If a dispute arises relating to this Contract (whether prior to or after Closing) and is not resolved, the parties must first proceed, in good faith, to mediation. Mediation is a process in which the parties meet with an impartial person who helps to resolve the dispute informally and confidentially. Mediators cannot impose binding decisions. Before any mediated settlement is binding, the parties to the dispute must agree to the settlement, in writing. The parties will jointly appoint an acceptable mediator and will share equally in the cost of such mediation. The obligation to mediate, unless otherwise agreed, will terminate if the entire dispute is not resolved within thirty days of the date written notice requesting mediation is delivered by one party to the other at that party's last known address (physical or electronic as provided in § 26). Nothing in this Section prohibits either party from filing a lawsuit and recording a lis pendens affecting the Property, before or after the date of written notice requesting mediation. This
- 823 Section will not alter any date in this Contract, unless otherwise agreed.
- 23. EARNEST MONEY DISPUTE. Except as otherwise provided herein, Earnest Money Holder must release the Earnest
- Money following receipt of written mutual instructions, signed by both Buyer and Seller. In the event of any controversy regarding
- the Earnest Money, Earnest Money Holder is not required to release the Earnest Money. Earnest Money Holder, in its sole subjective
- discretion, has several options: (1) wait for any proceeding between Buyer and Seller; (2) interplead all parties and deposit Earnest
 Money into a court of competent jurisdiction (Earnest Money Holder is entitled to recover court costs and reasonable attorney and
- legal fees incurred with such action); or (3) provide notice to Buyer and Seller that unless Earnest Money Holder receives a copy of

- the Summons and Complaint or Claim (between Buyer and Seller) containing the case number of the lawsuit (Lawsuit) within one
- 831 hundred twenty days of Earnest Money Holder's notice to the parties, Earnest Money Holder is authorized to return the Earnest
- 832 Money to Buyer. In the event Earnest Money Holder does receive a copy of the Lawsuit and has not interpled the monies at the time
- 833 of any Order, Earnest Money Holder must disburse the Earnest Money pursuant to the Order of the Court. The parties reaffirm the
- obligation of § 22 (Mediation). This Section will survive cancellation or termination of this Contract.

24. TERMINATION.

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- **24.1. Right to Terminate.** If a party has a right to terminate, as provided in this Contract (Right to Terminate), the termination is effective upon the other party's receipt of a written notice to terminate (Notice to Terminate), provided such written notice was received on or before the applicable deadline specified in this Contract. If the Notice to Terminate is not received on or before the specified deadline, the party with the Right to Terminate accepts the specified matter, document or condition as satisfactory and waives the Right to Terminate under such provision.
- 24.2. Effect of Termination. In the event this Contract is terminated, and all Earnest Money received hereunder is timely returned to Buyer, the parties are relieved of all obligations hereunder, subject to §§ 10.4. and 21.
- 25. ENTIRE AGREEMENT, MODIFICATION, SURVIVAL; SUCCESSORS. This Contract, its exhibits and specified addenda, constitute the entire agreement between the parties relating to the subject hereof and any prior agreements pertaining thereto, whether oral or written, have been merged and integrated into this Contract. No subsequent modification of any of the terms of this Contract is valid, binding upon the parties, or enforceable unless made in writing and signed by the parties. Any right or obligation in this Contract that, by its terms, exists or is intended to be performed after termination or Closing survives the same. Any successor to a party receives the predecessor's benefits and obligations of this Contract.

26. NOTICE, DELIVERY AND CHOICE OF LAW.

- **26.1. Physical Delivery and Notice.** Any document or notice to Buyer or Seller must be in writing, except as provided in § 26.2. and is effective when physically received by such party, any individual named in this Contract to receive documents or notices for such party, Broker, or Brokerage Firm of Broker working with such party (except any notice or delivery after Closing must be received by the party, not Broker or Brokerage Firm).
- **26.2.** Electronic Notice. As an alternative to physical delivery, any notice may be delivered in electronic form to Buyer or Seller, any individual named in this Contract to receive documents or notices for such party, Broker or Brokerage Firm of Broker working with such party (except any notice or delivery after Closing, cancellation or Termination must be received by the party, not Broker or Brokerage Firm) at the electronic address of the recipient by facsimile, email or
- **26.3.** Electronic Delivery. Electronic Delivery of documents and notice may be delivered by: (1) email at the email address of the recipient, (2) a link or access to a website or server provided the recipient receives the information necessary to access the documents, or (3) facsimile at the facsimile number (Fax No.) of the recipient.
- **26.4.** Choice of Law. This Contract and all disputes arising hereunder are governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Colorado that would be applicable to Colorado residents who sign a contract in Colorado for real property located in Colorado.
- Seller, as evidenced by their signatures below and the offering party receives notice of such acceptance pursuant to § 26 on or before

 Acceptance Deadline Date and Acceptance Deadline Time. If accepted, this document will become a contract between Seller and
 Buyer. A copy of this Contract may be executed by each party, separately and when each party has executed a copy thereof, such
- 868 copies taken together are deemed to be a full and complete contract between the parties.
- 869 **28.** GOOD FAITH. Buyer and Seller acknowledge that each party has an obligation to act in good faith including, but not limited
- 870 to, exercising the rights and obligations set forth in the provisions of Financing Conditions and Obligations; Title Insurance,
- 871 Record Title and Off-Record Title; New ILC, New Survey; and Property Disclosure, Inspection, Indemnity, Insurability Due
- 872 **Diligence and Source of Water**.

ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS AND ATTACHMENTS

29. ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS. (The following additional provisions have not been approved by the Colorado Real Estate Commission.)

CBS1-6-23. CONTRACT TO BUY AND SELL REAL ESTATE (RESIDENTIAL)

30. OTHER DOCUMENTS.			
		locuments are a part of this Contract:	
		If the Post-Closing Occupancy Agreem	ent box is checked in § 17
the Post-Closing Occupancy Agr	eement is a part of this Cont	ract.	
20.2 B 4 N 4 B	4 60 4 4 79 6 11		4 (4)
30.2. Documents Not Pa	rt of Contract. The follow	ing documents have been provided but a	re not a part of this Contra
	CI	CMATHDEC	
	510	GNATURES	
Buyer's Name:		Buyer's Name:	
Buyer's Signature	Date	Buyer's Signature	Date
A 3.1		A 11	
Address:		Address:	
Dhana Na .		Dhana Na	
		Eav No ·	
Email Address:		Email Address:	
			
[NOTE: If this offer is being co	ountered or rejected, do no	t sign this document.]	
Seller's Name:		C -11 NI	
Seller's Name:		Seller's Name:	
Seller's Signature	Date	Seller's Signature	Date
senci s signature	Date	sener's signature	Date
Address:		Address:	
Phone No.:		 Phone No.:	
		Fax No.:	
Fav No ·			
Fax No.:		Hmail Address:	
Fax No.: Email Address:		Email Address:	
		Email Address:	

BROKER'S ACKNOWLEDGMENTS AND COMPENSATION DISCLOSURE.

A. Broker Working With Buyer

Money Holder and, except as particular Terminate or other written not mutual instructions. Such release	provided in § 23, if the Earnest Mone cice of termination, Earnest Money H	mey deposit. Broker agrees that if Brokerage Firm is the Earnes by has not already been returned following receipt of a Notice to clolder will release the Earnest Money as directed by the written thin five days of Earnest Money Holder's receipt of the executed cleared.
Broker is working with Buyer	as a 🔲 Buyer's Agent 🔲 Transa	etion-Broker in this transaction.
Customer. Broker has no	brokerage relationship with Buyer. S	ee § B for Broker's brokerage relationship with Seller.
Brokerage Firm's compensation	n or commission is to be paid by \[\square \]	.isting Brokerage Firm Buyer Dother
		for disclosure purposes only and does NOT create any claim for e firms must be entered into separately and apart from this
Brokerage Firm's Name: Brokerage Firm's License #: Broker's Name: Broker's License #:		
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B. Broker Working with S	eller	
Money Holder and, except as particular Terminate or other written not mutual instructions. Such release	provided in § 23, if the Earnest Mone ice of termination, Earnest Money H	mey deposit. Broker agrees that if Brokerage Firm is the Earnes by has not already been returned following receipt of a Notice to lolder will release the Earnest Money as directed by the writter thin five days of Earnest Money Holder's receipt of the executed cleared.
Broker is working with Seller	as a Seller's Agent Transact	cion-Broker in this transaction.
Customer. Broker has no	brokerage relationship with Seller. S	ee § A for Broker's brokerage relationship with Buyer.
Brokerage Firm's compensation	on or commission is to be paid by	Seller Buyer Other
		for disclosure purposes only and does NOT create any claim for e firms must be entered into separately and apart from this
Brokerage Firm's Name: Brokerage Firm's License #: Broker's Name: Broker's License #:		
	Broker's Signature	Date

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Pho	one No.:		
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The HOA Information and Resource Center

The HOA Information and Resource Center has been in operation since January 1, 2011. It was created in 2010 by the Colorado Legislature as a result of legislative and consumer concerns regarding homeowner's associations in Colorado. The Office is organized within the Division of Real Estate under the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

The HOA Office registers and collects information concerning homeowner's associations, including an HOA's contact information, and handles consumer inquiries and complaints from homeowners. The HOA Office provides assistance and information to homeowners, HOA boards, declarants and other interested parties concerning their rights and responsibilities pursuant to the Colorado Common Interest Ownership Act ("CCIOA").

The HOA Information Officer administers the HOA Office, and he reviews, analyzes, and presents the data and information collected in an annual report. The report presents data concerning the number and geographical concentration of HOA's in the State, as well as inquiries and complaint types received.

The HOA Office does not however, provide legal advice or mediate disputes with HOA's or community association managers. Also, the Division of Real Estate and the HOA Office does not have the authority to conduct investigations, nor does it have regulatory oversight over homeowner's associations or community association managers (who are not licensed real estate brokers). The HOA Office provides informational resource materials and referral information to consumers to assist them with their concerns.

The HOA Office receives many inquiries and complaints concerning HOA's, some of which pertain to:

- HOA managers/management companies;
- Board member responsibilities;
- Governing documents;
- Meetings and elections;
- Community maintenance;
- Dues, fees, fines and rule enforcement;
- Declarant issues; and
- Disclosure and production of records.



The HOA Information and Resource Center's goals for 2013 will be to:

- Expand community outreach throughout the State;
- Utilize media and non-profit resources for the dissemination of HOA information:
- Develop more educational information for HOA owners, managers, and developers;
- Provide community presentations, forums, and workshops on HOA issues;
- Offer HOA educational classes for consumers and industry professionals;
- Have a greater Office website presence with practical HOA issue information and materials, expanding FAQ's, and providing useful resource links for additional assistance and referrals;
- Streamline the HOA registration system in order to collect relevant HOA data; and
- Empower the consumer with knowledge concerning their rights and responsibilities in an HOA.

The HOA Office is committed to assisting homeowners and consumers with the best possible service and providing all interested parties with the resources and information necessary to be better informed regarding HOA issues.

You may logon to the website for information regarding the Colorado Common Interest Ownership Act and other informational materials and resources, or you can contact the HOA Officer at the number below if you have any questions or concerns.

The HOA Information and Resource Center's contact information is:

Gary Kujawski HOA Information Officer 1560 Broadway, Suite 925, Denver, CO 80202 ph# 303-894-2355

Email: gary.kujawski@state.co.us

http://www.dora.state.co.us/real-estate/HOA.htm





Ten Important Questions to Ask Your Home Inspector

1. What does your inspection cover?

The inspector should ensure that their inspection and inspection report will meet all applicable requirements in your state if applicable and will comply with a well-recognized standard of practice and code of ethics. You should be able to request and see a copy of these items ahead of time and ask any questions you may have. If there are any areas you want to make sure are inspected, be sure to identify them upfront.

2. How long have you been practicing in the home inspection profession and how many inspections have you completed?

The inspector should be able to provide his or her history in the profession and perhaps even a few names as referrals. Newer inspectors can be very qualified, and many work with a partner or have access to more experienced inspectors to assist them in the inspection.

3. Are you specifically experienced in residential inspection?

Related experience in construction or engineering is helpful, but is no substitute for training and experience in the unique discipline of home inspection. If the inspection is for a commercial property, then this should be asked about as well.

4. Do you offer to do repairs or improvements based on the inspection?

Some inspector associations and state regulations allow the inspector to perform repair work on problems uncovered in the inspection. Other associations and regulations strictly forbid this as a conflict of interest.

5. How long will the inspection take?

The average on-site inspection time for a single inspector is two to three hours for a typical single-family house; anything significantly less may not be enough time to perform a thorough inspection. Additional inspectors may be brought in for very large properties and buildings.

6. How much will it cost?

Costs vary dramatically, depending on the region, size and age of the house, scope of services and other factors. A typical range might be \$300-\$500, but consider the value of the home inspection in terms of the investment being made. Cost does not necessarily reflect quality. HUD Does not regulate home inspection fees.

7. What type of inspection report do you provide and how long will it take to receive the report?

Ask to see samples and determine whether or not you can understand the inspector's reporting style and if the time parameters fulfill your needs. Most inspectors provide their full report within 24 hours of the inspection.

8. Will I be able to attend the inspection?

This is a valuable educational opportunity, and an inspector's refusal to allow this should raise a red flag. Never pass up this opportunity to see your prospective home through the eyes of an expert.

9. Do you maintain membership in a professional home inspector association?

There are many state and national associations for home inspectors. Request to see their membership ID, and perform whatever due diligence you deem appropriate.

10. Do you participate in continuing education programs to keep your expertise up to date?

One can never know it all, and the inspector's commitment to continuing education is a good measure of his or her professionalism and service to the consumer. This is especially important in cases where the home is much older or includes unique elements requiring additional or updated training

and Urban Development Federal Housing Administration (FHA)



For Your Protection: Get a Home Inspection

Why a Buyer Needs a Home Inspection

A home inspection gives the buyer more detailed information about the overall condition of the home prior to purchase. In a home inspection, a qualified inspector takes an in-depth, unbiased look at your potential new home to:

- ✓ Evaluate the physical condition: structure, construction, and mechanical systems;
- ✓ Identify items that need to be repaired or replaced; and
- ✓ Estimate the remaining useful life of the major systems, equipment, structure, and finishes.

Appraisals are Different from Home Inspections

An appraisal is different from a home inspection. Appraisals are for lenders; home inspections are for buyers. An appraisal is required to:

- ✓ Estimate the market value of a house;
- ✓ Make sure that the house meets FHA minimum property standards/requirements; and
- ✓ Make sure that the property is marketable.

FHA Does Not Guarantee the Value or Condition of your Potential New Home

If you find problems with your new home after closing, FHA can not give or lend you money for repairs, and FHA can not buy the home back from you. That is why it is so important for you, the buyer, to get an independent home inspection. Ask a qualified home inspector to inspect your potential new home and give you the information you need to make a wise decision.

Radon Gas Testing

The United States Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General of the United States have recommended that all houses should be tested for radon. For more information on radon testing, call the toll-free National Radon Information Line at 1-800-SOS-Radon or 1-800-767-7236. As with a home inspection, if you decide to test for radon, you may do so before signing your contract, or you may do so after signing the contract as long as your contract states the sale of the home depends on your satisfaction with the results of the radon test.

Be an Informed Buyer

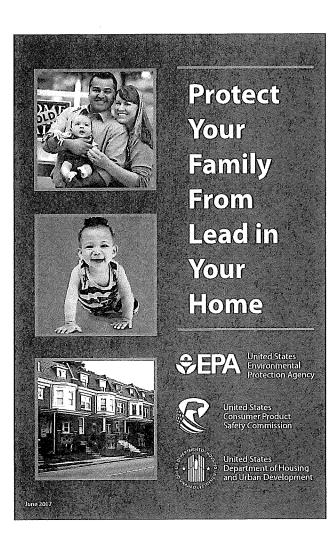
It is your responsibility to be an informed buyer. Be sure that what you buy is satisfactory in every respect. You have the right to carefully examine your potential new home with a qualified home inspector. You may arrange to do so before signing your contract, or may do so after signing the contract as long as your contract states that the sale of the home depends on the inspection.





HUD-92564-CN (6/06)





Simple Steps to Protect Your Family from Lead Hazards

If you think your home has lead-based paint:

- · Don't try to remove lead-based paint yourself.
- Always keep painted surfaces in good condition to minimize deterioration.
- Get your home checked for lead hazards. Find a certified inspector or risk assessor at epa.gov/lead.
- Talk to your landlord about fixing surfaces with peeling or chipping paint.
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Regularly clean floors, window sills, and other surfaces.
- Take precautions to avoid exposure to lead dust when remodeling.
- When renovating, repairing, or painting, hire only EPA- or stateapproved Lead-Safe certified renovation firms.
- Before buying, renting, or renovating your home, have it checked for lead-based paint.
- Consult your health care provider about testing your children for lead. Your pediatrician can check for lead with a simple blood test.
- · Wash children's hands, bottles, pacifiers, and toys often.
- Make sure children eat healthy, low-fat foods high in iron, calcium, and vitamin C.
- Remove shoes or wipe soil off shoes before entering your
 house.

1

Are You Planning to Buy or Rent a Home Built Before 1978?

Did you know that many homes built before 1978 have lead-based paint? Lead from paint, chips, and dust can pose serious health hazards.

Read this entire brochure to learn:

- · How lead gets into the body
- · How lead affects health
- · What you can do to protect your family
- · Where to go for more information

Before renting or buying a pre-1978 home or apartment, federal law requires:

- Sellers must disclose known information on lead-based paint or leadbased paint hazards before selling a house.
- Real estate sales contracts must include a specific warning statement about lead-based paint. Buyers have up to 10 days to check for lead.
- Landlords must disclose known information on lead-based paint and lead-based paint hazards before leases take effect. Leases must include a specific warning statement about lead-based paint.

If undertaking renovations, repairs, or painting (RRP) projects in your pre-1978 home or apartment:

 Read EPA's pamphlet, The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right, to learn about the lead-safe work practices that contractors are required to follow when working in your home (see page 12).



Lead Gets into the Body in Many Ways

Adults and children can get lead into their bodies if they:

- Breathe in lead dust (especially during activities such as renovations, repairs, or painting that disturb painted surfaces).
- Swallow lead dust that has settled on food, food preparation surfaces, and other places.
- · Eat paint chips or soil that contains lead.

Lead is especially dangerous to children under the age of 6.

- At this age, children's brains and nervous systems are more sensitive to the damaging effects of lead.
- Children's growing bodies absorb more lead.
- Babies and young children often put their hands and other objects in their mouths. These objects can have lead dust on them.



Women of childbearing age should know that lead is dangerous to a developing fetus.

 Women with a high lead level in their system before or during pregnancy risk exposing the fetus to lead through the placenta during fetal development. **Lead affects the body in many ways.** It is important to know that even exposure to low levels of lead can severely harm children.

In children, exposure to lead can cause:

- Nervous system and kidney damage
- Learning disabilities, attention-deficit disorder, and decreased intelligence
- Speech, language, and behavior problems
- · Poor muscle coordination
- · Decreased muscle and bone growth
- Hearing damage

While low-lead exposure is most common, exposure to high amounts of lead can have devastating effects on children, including seizures, unconsciousness, and in some cases, death.

Although children are especially susceptible to lead exposure, lead can be dangerous for adults, too.

In adults, exposure to lead can cause:

- · Harm to a developing fetus
- · Increased chance of high blood pressure during pregnancy
- · Fertility problems (in men and women)
- High blood pressure
- · Digestive problems
- Nerve disorders
- · Memory and concentration problems
- · Muscle and joint pain

Brain Neve Damage Hearing Problems Slowed Growth Degetive Problems

Where Lead-Based Paint Is Found

In general, the older your home or childcare facility, the more likely it has lead-based paint.1

Many homes, including private, federally-assisted, federallyowned housing, and childcare facilities built before 1978 have lead-based paint. In 1978, the federal government banned consumer uses of lead-containing paint.

Learn how to determine if paint is lead-based paint on page 7.

Lead can be found:

- · In homes and childcare facilities in the city, country, or suburbs,
- · In private and public single-family homes and apartments,
- · On surfaces inside and outside of the house, and
- In soil around a home. (Soil can pick up lead from exterior paint or other sources, such as past use of leaded gas in cars.)

Learn more about where lead is found at epa.gov/lead.

Check Your Family for Lead

Get your children and home tested if you think your home has

Children's blood lead levels tend to increase rapidly from 6 to 12 months of age, and tend to peak at 18 to 24 months of age.

Consult your doctor for advice on testing your children. A simple blood test can detect lead. Blood lead tests are usually recommended for:

- · Children at ages 1 and 2
- Children or other family members who have been exposed to high levels of lead
- Children who should be tested under your state or local health screening plan

Your doctor can explain what the test results mean and if more testing will be needed.

4

Identifying Lead-Based Paint and Lead-Based Paint Hazards

Deteriorating lead-based paint (peeling, chipping, chalking, cracking, or damaged paint) is a hazard and needs immediate attention. Lead-based paint may also be a hazard when found on surfaces that children can chew or that get a lot of wear and tear, such as:

- · On windows and window sills
- · Doors and door frames
- · Stairs, railings, banisters, and porches

Lead-based paint is usually not a hazard If it is in good condition and if it is not on an impact or friction surface like a window.

Lead dust can form when lead-based paint is scraped, sanded, or heated. Lead dust also forms when painted surfaces containing lead bump or rub together. Lead paint chips and dust can get on surfaces and objects that people touch. Settled lead dust can reenter the air when the home is vacuumed or swept, or when people walk through it. EPA currently defines the following levels of lead in dust as hazardous:

- 40 micrograms per square foot (µg/ft²) and higher for floors, including carpeted floors
- + 250 $\mu g/ft^2$ and higher for interior window sills

Lead in soil can be a hazard when children play in bare soil or when people bring soil into the house on their shoes. EPA currently defines the following levels of lead in soil as hazardous:

- 400 parts per million (ppm) and higher in play areas of bare soil
- 1,200 ppm (average) and higher in bare soil in the remainder of the yard

Remember, lead from paint chips—which you can see—and lead dust—which you may not be able to see—both can be hazards.

The only way to find out if paint, dust, or soil lead hazards exist is to test for them. The next page describes how to do this.

^{1 &}quot;Lead-based paint" is currently defined by the federal government as paint with lead levels greater than or equal to 1.0 milligram per square centimeter (mg/cm), or more than 0.5% by weight.

[&]quot;Lead-containing paint" is currently defined by the federal government as lead in new dried paint in excess of 90 parts per million (ppm) by weight.

Checking Your Home for Lead

You can get your home tested for lead in several different ways:

- A lead-based paint inspection tells you if your home has lead-based paint and where it is located. It won't tell you whether your home currently has lead hazards. A trained and certified testing professional, called a lead-based paint inspector, will conduct a paint inspection using methods, such as:
 - · Portable x-ray fluorescence (XRF) machine
 - · Lab tests of paint samples
- A risk assessment tells you if your home currently has any lead hazards from lead in paint, dust, or soil. It also tells you what actions to take to address any hazards. A trained and certified testing professional, called a risk assessor, will:
 - Sample paint that is deteriorated on doors, windows, floors, stairs,
 - Sample dust near painted surfaces and sample bare soil in the yard
 - · Get lab tests of paint, dust, and soil samples
- A combination inspection and risk assessment tells you if your home has any lead-based paint and if your home has any lead hazards, and where both are located.

Be sure to read the report provided to you after your inspection or risk assessment is completed, and ask questions about anything you do not understand.

Checking Your Home for Lead, continued

In preparing for renovation, repair, or painting work in a pre-1978 home, Lead-Safe Certified renovators (see page 12) may:

- Take paint chip samples to determine if lead-based paint is present in the area planned for renovation and send them to an EPA-recognized lead lab for analysis. In housing receiving federal assistance, the person collecting these samples must be a certified lead-based paint inspector or risk assessor
- Use EPA-recognized tests kits to determine if lead-based paint is absent (but not in housing receiving federal assistance)
- Presume that lead-based paint is present and use lead-safe work practices

There are state and federal programs in place to ensure that testing is done safely, reliably, and effectively. Contact your state or local agency for more information, visit epa.gov/lead, or call 1-800-424-LEAD (5323) for a list of contacts in your area.³

What You Can Do Now to Protect Your Family

If you suspect that your house has lead-based paint hazards, you can take some immediate steps to reduce your family's risk:

- · If you rent, notify your landlord of peeling or chipping paint.
- Keep painted surfaces clean and free of dust. Clean floors, window frames, window sills, and other surfaces weekly. Use a mop or sponge with warm water and a general all-purpose cleaner. (Remember: never mix ammonia and bleach products together because they can form a dangerous gas.)
- · Carefully clean up paint chips immediately without creating dust.
- Thoroughly rinse sponges and mop heads often during cleaning of dirty or dusty areas, and again afterward.
- Wash your hands and your children's hands often, especially before they eat and before nap time and bed time.
- Keep play areas clean. Wash bottles, pacifiers, toys, and stuffed animals regularly.
- Keep children from chewing window sills or other painted surfaces, or eating soil.
- When renovating, repairing, or painting, hire only EPA- or stateapproved Lead-Safe Certified renovation firms (see page 12).
- Clean or remove shoes before entering your home to avoid tracking in lead from soil.
- Make sure children eat nutritious, low-fat meals high in iron, and calcium, such as spinach and dairy products. Children with good diets absorb less lead.

Reducing Lead Hazards

Disturbing lead-based paint or removing lead improperly can increase the hazard to your family by spreading even more lead dust around the house.

- In addition to day-to-day cleaning and good nutrition, you can temporarily reduce lead-based paint hazards by taking actions, such as repairing damaged painted surfaces and planting grass to cover leadcontaminated soil. These actions are not permanent solutions and will need ongoing attention.
- You can minimize exposure to lead when renovating, repairing, or painting by hiring an EPA- or statecertified renovator who is trained in the use of lead-safe work practices. If you are a do-it-yourselfer, learn how to use lead-safe work practices in your home.
- To remove lead hazards permanently, you should hire a certified lead abatement contractor. Abatement (or permanent hazard elimination) methods include removing, sealing, or enclosing lead-based paint with special materials. Just painting over the hazard with regular paint is not permanent control.

Always use a certified contractor who is trained to address lead hazards safely.

- Hire a Lead-Safe Certified firm (see page 12) to perform renovation, repair, or painting (RRP) projects that disturb painted surfaces.
- To correct lead hazards permanently, hire a certified lead abatement professional. This will ensure your contractor knows how to work safely and has the proper equipment to clean up thoroughly.

Certified contractors will employ qualified workers and follow strict safety rules as set by their state or by the federal government.

³ Hearing- or speech-challenged individuals may access this number through TTY by calling the Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339.

Reducing Lead Hazards, continued

If your home has had lead abatement work done or if the housing is receiving federal assistance, once the work is completed, dust cleanup activities must be conducted until clearance testing indicates that lead dust levels are below the following levels:

- 40 micrograms per square foot ($\mu g/ft^2$) for floors, including carpeted floors
- · 250 µg/ft2 for interior windows sills
- · 400 μg/ft² for window troughs

For help in locating certified lead abatement professionals in your area, call your state or local agency (see pages 14 and 15), or visit epa.gov/lead, or call 1-800-424-LEAD.

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Other Sources of Lead

Lead in Drinking Water

The most common sources of lead in drinking water are lead pipes, faucets, and fixtures.

Lead pipes are more likely to be found in older cities and homes built before 1986.

You can't smell or taste lead in drinking water.

To find out for certain if you have lead in drinking water, have your water tested.

Remember older homes with a private well can also have plumbing materials that contain lead.

Important Steps You Can Take to Reduce Lead in Drinking Water

- Use only cold water for drinking, cooking and making baby formula.
 Remember, boiling water does not remove lead from water.
- Before drinking, flush your home's pipes by running the tap, taking a shower, doing laundry, or doing a load of dishes.
- · Regularly clean your faucet's screen (also known as an aerator).
- If you use a filter certified to remove lead, don't forget to read the directions to learn when to change the cartridge. Using a filter after it has expired can make it less effective at removing lead.

Contact your water company to determine if the pipe that connects your home to the water main (called a service line) is made from lead. Your area's water company can also provide information about the lead levels in your system's drinking water.

For more information about lead in drinking water, please contact EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791. If you have other questions about lead poisoning prevention, call 1-800 424-LEAD.*

Call your local health department or water company to find out about testing your water, or visit epa.gov/safewater for EPA's lead in drinking water information. Some states or utilities offer programs to pay for water testing for residents. Contact your state or local water company to learn more.

* Hearing- or speech-challenged individuals may access this number through TTY by calling the Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339.

Renovating, Repairing or Painting a Home with Lead-Based Paint

If you hire a contractor to conduct renovation, repair, or painting (RRP) projects in your pre-1978 home or childcare facility (such as pre-school and kindergarten), your contractor must:

- Be a Lead-Safe Certified firm approved by EPA or an EPA-authorized state program
- Use qualified trained individuals (Lead-Safe Certified renovators) who follow specific lead-safe work practices to prevent lead contamination
- Provide a copy of EPA's lead hazard information document, The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right



RRP contractors working in pre-1978 homes and childcare facilities must follow lead-safe work practices that:

- Contain the work area. The area must be contained so that dust and debris do not escape from the work area. Warning signs must be put up, and plastic or other impermeable material and tape must be used.
- Avoid renovation methods that generate large amounts of lead-contaminated dust. Some methods generate so much leadcontaminated dust that their use is prohibited. They are:
 - · Open-flame burning or torching
 - Sanding, grinding, planing, needle gunning, or blasting with power tools and equipment not equipped with a shroud and HEPA vacuum attachment
 - · Using a heat gun at temperatures greater than 1100°F
- Clean up thoroughly. The work area should be cleaned up daily.
 When all the work is done, the area must be cleaned up using special cleaning methods.
- Dispose of waste properly. Collect and seal waste in a heavy duty bag or sheeting. When transported, ensure that waste is contained to prevent release of dust and debris.

To learn more about EPA's requirements for RRP projects, visit epa.gov/getleadsafe, or read *The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right*.

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Other Sources of Lead, continued

- Lead smelters or other industries that release lead into the air.
- Your job. If you work with lead, you could bring it home on your body or clothes. Shower and change clothes before coming home. Launder your work clothes separately from the rest of your family's clothes.
- Hobbies that use lead, such as making pottery or stained glass, or refinishing furniture. Call your local health department for information about hobbies that may use lead.
- Old toys and furniture may have been painted with lead-containing paint. Older toys and other children's products may have parts that contain lead.⁴
- Food and liquids cooked or stored in lead crystal or lead-glazed pottery or porcelain may contain lead.
- Folk remedies, such as "greta" and "azarcon," used to treat an upset stomach.

In 1978, the federal government banned toys, other children's products, and furniture with lead-containing paint. In 2008, the federal government banned lead in most children's products. The federal government currently bans lead in excess of 100 ppm by weight in most children's products.

For More Information

The National Lead Information Center

Learn how to protect children from lead poisoning and get other information about lead hazards on the Web at epa.gov/lead and hud.gov/lead, or call 1-800-424-LEAD (5323).

EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline

For information about lead in drinking water, call 1-800-426-4791, or visit epa.gov/safewater for information about lead in drinking water.

Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) Hotline

For information on lead in toys and other consumer products, or to report an unsafe consumer product or a product-related injury, call 1-800-638-2772, or visit CPSC's website at cpsc.gov or saferproducts.gov.

State and Local Health and Environmental Agencies

Some states, tribes, and cities have their own rules related to leadbased paint. Check with your local agency to see which laws apply to you. Most agencies can also provide information on finding a lead abatement firm in your area, and on possible sources of financial aid for reducing lead hazards. Receive up-to-date address and phone information for your state or local contacts on the Web at epa.gov/lead, or contact the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD.

Hearing- or speech-challenged individuals may access any of the phone numbers in this brochure through TTY by calling the tollfree Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339.

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Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC)

The CPSC protects the public against unreasonable risk of injury from consumer products through education, safety standards activities, and enforcement. Contact CPSC for further information regarding consumer product safety and regulations.

CPSC

4330 East West Highway Bethesda, MD 20814-4421 1-800-638-2772 cpsc.gov or saferproducts.gov

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)

HUD's mission is to create strong, sustainable, inclusive communities and quality affordable homes for all. Contact HUD's Office of Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control for further information regarding the Lead Safe Housing Rule, which protects families in pre-1978 assisted housing, and for the lead hazard control and research grant programs.

HUD

451 Seventh Street, SW, Room 8236 Washington, DC 20410-3000 (202) 402-7698 hud.gov/offices/lead/

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ti. S. EPA Washington DC 20460 U. S. CPSC Bethesda MD 20814 U. S. HUD Washington DC 20410

U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Regional Offices

The mission of EPA is to protect human health and the environment. Your Regional EPA Office can provide further information regarding regulations and lead protection programs.

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 1 5 Post Office Square, Suite 100, OES 05-4 Boston, MA 02109-3912 (888) 372-7341

Region 2 (New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 2 2890 Woodbridge Avenue Building 205, Mail Stop 225 Edison, NJ 08837-3679 (732) 321-6671

Region 3 (Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, DC, West Virginia)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 3 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103 (215) 814-2088

Region 4 (Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee)

Regional Lead Contact AFC Tower, 12th Floor, Air, Pesticides & Toxics 61 Forsyth Street, SW Atlanta, GA 30303 (404) 562-8998

Region 5 (Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 5 (DT-8J) 77 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, IL 60604-3666 (312) 886-7836 Region 6 (Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Okłahoma, Texas, and 66 Tribes)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 6 1445 Ross Avenue, 12th Floor Dallas, TX 75202-2733 (214) 665-2704

Region 7 (lowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 7 11201 Renner Blvd. WWPD/TOPE Lenexa, KS 66219 (800) 223-0425

Region 8 (Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyomin

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 8 1595 Wynkoop St. Denver, CO 80202 (303) 312-6966

Region 9 (Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 9 (CMD-4-2) 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 947-4280

Region 10 (Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington)

Washington)
Regional Lead Contact
U.S. EPA Region 10
Solid Waste & Toxics Unit (WCM-128)
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IMPORTANT!

Lead From Paint, Dust, and Soil in and Around Your Home Can Be Dangerous if Not Managed Properly

- · Children under 6 years old are most at risk for lead poisoning in your home.
- Lead exposure can harm young children and babies even before they are born.
- · Homes, schools, and child care facilities built before 1978 are likely to contain lead-based paint.
- · Even children who seem healthy may have dangerous levels of lead in their bodies.
- · Disturbing surfaces with lead-based paint or removing lead-based paint improperly can increase the danger to
- · People can get lead into their bodies by breathing or swallowing lead dust, or by eating soil or paint chips containing lead.
- People have many options for reducing lead hazards. Generally, lead-based paint that is in good condition is not a hazard (see page 10).